

The 9th Asia-Pacific Conference on Synthetic Aperture Radar (APSAR2025)



Organized by





IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Society
All Japan Joint Chapter

PROGRAM AT A GLANCE

	October 4 (Saturday), 2025				
Time	International Conference Hall (3F)	Multipurpose Hall (1F)	Small Hall (1F)	Large Conference Room 501 (5F)	Large Exhibition Hall (1F)
10:30-16:30				IEEE GRSS ReACT Tutorial	
16:30-21:00				ReACT Mixer (tentative)	

October 5 (Sunday), 2025					
Time	International Conference Hall (3F)	Multipurpose Hall (1F)	Small Hall (1F)	Large Conference Room 501 (5F)	Large Exhibition Hall (1F)
9:50-17:15				APSAR/IEEE GRSS All Japan Joint Chapter SAR Tutorial	
17:30-18:30					Welcome Reception

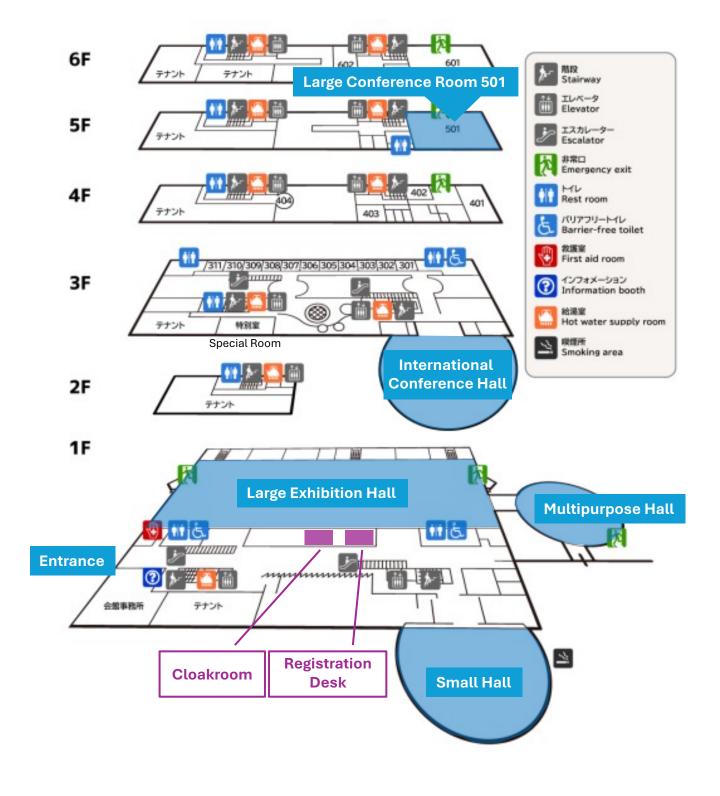
	October 6 (Monday), 2025				
Time	International Conference Hall (3F)	Multipurpose Hall (1F)	Small Hall (1F)	Large Conference Room 501 (5F)	Large Exhibition Hall (1F)
10:00-10:30	Opening Ceremony				
10:30-10:45	Group Photo				
10:45-11:00	Coffee Break (Large Exhibition Hall)				
11:00-12:30	Keynote Speeches I				
12:30-13:30	Lunch Break				
13:30-15:00	Keynote Speeches II				
15:00-15:30	Coffee Break (Large Exhibition Hall)				
15:30-16:50	Spaceborne SAR Systems & Missions	SAR Interferometry	Machine Learning, Deep Learning, & Data Fusion		

October 7 (Tuesday), 2025					
Time	International Conference Hall (3F)	Multipurpose Hall (1F)	Small Hall (1F)	Large Conference Room 501 (5F)	Large Exhibition Hall (1F)
9:00-10:20	Moving Target Detection & Indication	PolSAR	Next Generation SAR Systems & Missions I		
10:20-10:50	Coffee Break (Large Exhibition Hall)				
10:50-11:50	Digital Elevation Modeling Image Filtering, Correction, & Enhancement				
11:50-12:45	Lunch Break				
12:45-17:00	Excursion: Izumo Half Day Tour				
18:00-20:30	Banquet (Yuushien Japanese Garden)				

	October 8 (Wednesday), 2025					
Time	International Conference Hall (3F)	Multipurpose Hall (1F)	Small Hall (1F)	Large Conference Room 501 (5F)	Large Exhibition Hall (1F)	
9:00-10:20	Imaging Technique	Next Generation SAR Systems & Mission II	Best Student Paper Award (BSPA) Session I			
10:20-10:50						
10:50-11:50	Ice, Snow, & Glacier	ALOS Series I	Best Student Paper Award (BSPA) Session II			
11:50-12:10	Lunah Darah					
12:10-12:55	Lunch Break				Recruitment Festival	
13:20-15:20					Poster Session	
15:30-16:50	UAV, Ground-based, & Sbsurface Sensing	ALOS Series II	Geohazard I			

October 9 (Thursday), 2025					
Time	International Conference Hall (3F)	Multipurpose Hall (1F)	Small Hall (1F)	Large Conference Room 501 (5F)	Large Exhibition Hall (1F)
9:00-10:20	SAR System Design: Antennas, Calibration, & Emerging Technologes	Imaging SImulation	Geohazard II		
10:30-11:00	Closing Ceremony				

FLOOR MAP



I. Welcome Message

Asia-Pacific Conference on Synthetic Aperture Radar (APSAR) is an international conference devoted to SAR technology development and applications and Co-Sponsored by Institute of Electronics, Information and Communication Engineers (IEICE), Japan and IEEE Geosciences and Remote Sensing Society (GRSS) All Japan Joint Chapter. The APSAR is a forum of Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) engineers and scientists from all over the world, especially from the Asia-Pacific region. The bi-annual APSAR conference is held every two years in China, Japan, Korea, Australia, and Singapore in turn, and The 9th Asia-Pacific Conference on Synthetic Aperture Radar was planned to be held in Matsue, Shimane, Japan.



Prof. Junichi Susaki, General Chair Kyoto University



Kei Suwa, Vice General Chair Mitsubishi Electric

II. Sponsors

Platinum





Gold









Silver









SPACE SHIFT



Foundation Sponsors

- International Exchange Program of National Institute of Information and Communications Technology (NICT)
- The Telecommunications Advancement Foundation
- Support Center for Advanced Telecommunications Technology Research (SCAT)
- The Kyoto University Foundation

III. Committees

General Chair

Junichi Susaki (Kyoto University, Japan)

Vice General Chair

Kei Suwa (Mitsubishi Electric, Japan)

Secretary/International Liason Chair

Ryo Natsuaki (The University of Tokyo, Japan)

Technical Program Committee

Chair

Takashi Nonaka (Nihon University, Japan)

Advisory

Hiroyoshi Yamada (Niigata University, Japan)

Members

Masashi Nakagawa (Shibaura Institute of Technology, Japan)

Wen Liu (Chiba University, Japan)

Fang Shang (The University of Electro-Communications, Japan)

Yuta Izumi (Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan)

Sponsorship Committee

Members

Yuta Izumi (Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan)

Kazuya Ishitsuka (Kyoto University, Japan)

Publicity Committee

Chair

Yo Fukushima (Tohoku University, Japan)

Members

Masahiko Nagai (Yamaguchi University, Japan)

Toshifumi Moriyama (Nagasaki University, Japan)

Finance Committee

Chair

Masato Ohki (Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency, Japan)

Advisory

Takeo Tadono (Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency, Japan)

Member

Ryu Sugimoto (National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Japan)

Exhibition Committee

Chair

Yu Okada (Mitsubishi Electric, Japan)

Members

Shinichi Kaneta (Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd, Japan)

Kenichi Honda (Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan)

Tomohiro Taguchi (Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan)

Yu Morishita (Synspective, Japan)

Ryouji Hirata (OYO Corporation, Japan)

Halipu Ayihumaier (OYO Corporation, Japan)

Masanobu Shibata (Mitsubishi Electric, Japan)

Local Arrangement Committee

Chair

Kazuya Ishitsuka (Kyoto University, Japan)

Members

Yasumichi Yone (Shimane University, Japan)

Yoshie Ishii (Kyoto University, Japan)

Publication Committee

Chair

Ryoichi Sato (Niigata University, Japan)

Members

Takuma Watanabe (University of Toyama, Japan)

Ryoichi Furuta (Remote Sensing Technology Center of Japan, Japan)

Tutorial Committee

Chair

Motofumi Arii (Mitsubishi Electric, Japan)

Members

Naoto Yokoya (The University of Tokyo, Japan)

Shouhei Kidera (The University of Electro-Communications, Japan)

Social Events Committee

Chair

Hideomi Gokon (Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology, Japan)

Members

Takashi Shibayama (PASCO CORPORATION, Japan)

International Committee

Chair

Wen Liu (Chiba University, Japan)

Members

Kuo-Hsin Tseng (National Central University, Taiwan)

Wahyudi Hasbi (National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), Indonesia)

Agustan Agustan (National Research and Innovation Agency (BRIN), Indonesia)

Yilong Lu (Nanyang Technological University, Singapore)

Hongbo Sun (Institute for Infocomm Research, Singapore)

Avik Bhattacharya (Indian Institute of Technology Bombay, India)

Award Committee

Chair

Toshifumi Moriyama (Nagasaki University, Japan)

Members

Wen Liu (Chiba University, Japan)

Takuma Watanabe (University of Toyama, Japan)

IV. Reviewers

Takahiro Abe Tomohisa Konishi Ryoichi Sato

Hidenori Abo Farohaji Kurniawan Takashi Shibayama

Tomohito Asaka Yuji Kuwahara Hiroto Shimazaki

Asif Awaludin Liu Wen Ryu Sugimoto

Tomonori Deguchi Yohandri M Si Junichi Susaki

Sevket Demirci Hiroyuki Miura Wang Suyun

Seisuke Fukuda Yu Morishita Takeo Tadono

Yo Fukushima Toshifumi Moriyama Josaphat Tetuko Sri Sumantyo

Ryoichi Furuta Mirza Muhammad Wagar Akihisa Uematsu

Hideomi Gokon Akitsugu Nadai Manabu Watanabe

Muhammad Hamka Ibrahim Hiroto Nagai Takuma Watanabe

Yoshie Ishii Masahiko Nagai Joko Widodo

Kazuya Ishitsuka Masafumi Nakagawa Hiroyoshi Yamada

Osamu Isoguchi Mohammad Nasucha Yoshio Yamaguchi

Yuta Izumi Ryo Natsuaki Tsutomu Yamanokuchi

Rui Jiang Takashi Nonaka Li Yi

Amila Karunathilake Dandy Adity Novresiandi Junjun Yin

Hisato Kashihara Masato Ohki Naoto Yokoya

Husnul Kausarian Sang-Eun Park Chinatsu Yonezawa

Shohei Kidera Pakhrur Razi Hongsheng Zhang

Atsushi Kimura Cahya Edi Santosa Lin Zhu

Yohei Kinoshita Hiroshi Sato

V. Conference Information

Registration

Registration Desk Hours

October 5 (Sunday) : 1:00 pm - 6:30 pm

October 6 (Monday) - 8 (Wednesday): 9:00 am - 5:00 pm

October 9 (Thursday) : 9:00 am - 11:00 am

Upon your first visit, please check in at the registration desk.

On-site registration with credit card payment is available for participants who have not yet registered.

Lunch

Lunch Break

Eating and drinking are permitted only in the Large Exhibition Hall.

Lunch Box Distribution Location (Pre-registration required)

Pre-ordered lunch boxes (ordered via the APSAR website) will be distributed during lunch break in the **Large Exhibition Hall (1F)**.

You will **need the ticket** given with your name badge at registration to receive your lunch box.

Restaurants Information

Participants who have not ordered a lunch box may use restaurants near the venue. Recommended restaurants are introduced at <u>Restaurants</u>.

Event Zone

Recruitment Festival

Date & Time: October 8 (Wednesday), 12:10-12:55

Location: Large Exhibition Hall (1F)



October 8, 2025 (Wed) Date:

Time: Lunch Break (12:10-12:55)

Location: Large Exhibition Hall

Are you a student attending APSAR 2025? Are you looking to kickstart your career in the exciting field of Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) and related technologies? We're thrilled to announce a dedicated Recruitment Festival designed specifically for you!

This is a unique opportunity to connect directly with leading companies at the forefront of SAR research, development, and application.





12:10-12:15 Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd.

12:15-12:20 Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd.

12:20-12:25 MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC **CORPORATION**

12:25-12:30 OYO CORPORATION

12:30-12:35 PASCO CORPORATION

12:35-12:40 Remote Sensing Technology Center of Japan (RESTEC)

12:40-12:45 Satellite Data Services Co., Ltd.

12:45-12:50 Space Shift Inc.

12:50-12:55 Synspetive Inc.

What to Expect

- Meet Potential Employers: Engage with representatives from 9 of our esteemed conference sponsors.
- Learn About Career Opportunities: Discover various career paths, internships, and entry-level positions available within the SAR industry.
- Company Presentations: Gain insights into the companies' cutting-edge work through informative presentations and engaging videos.
- **Networking:** Build valuable connections with industry professionals and expand your professional network.

Participation

■ No pre-registration required – just come to the

Calling All Students! Don't Miss Our Exclusive Recruitment Festival!

Sponsors: APSAR 2025 | Sponsors

VI. Social Programs

Welcome Reception

Date & Time: October 5 (Sunday), 17:30-18:30

Location: Large Exhibition Hall (1F)

Banquet

Date & Time: October 7 (Tuesday), 18:00-20:30

Location: Yuushien Japanese Garden

VII. Excursion

Izumo Half Day Tour

Date & Time: October 7 (Tuesday), 12:45-17:00

Time Schedule

12:45	Meet at the entrance of Kunibiki Messe (venue)
13:00	Depart Kunibiki Messe by bus
14:00 - 14:50	Visit "Izumo Grand Shrine"
14:50	Meet at the parking area near "Izumo Grand Shrine"
15:00 - 15:25	Travel by bus to "Izumo Hinomisaki Lighthouse"
15:25 - 15:50	Visit "Izumo Hinomisaki Lighthouse"
15:50	Meet at the parking area near "Izumo Hinomisaki
13.30	Lighthouse"
17:00	Return to Kunibiki Messe

^{*} In case of rain, go to "Shimane Winery" instead of "Izumo Hinomisaki Lighthouse".

^{*} After the excursion, the banquet will be held at the restaurant in "Yuushien Japanese Garden".

VIII. Awards

Award Information

The APSAR will recognize outstanding research works presented at the conference in two categories:

- Best Paper Award
- Best Student Paper Award

Awards for Best Paper and Best Student Paper will be presented on the last day of the conference.

Best Paper Award

The Best Paper Award recognizes excellence in original research, innovative thinking, and the quality and impact of published work.

- Candidates shall be presenters who submit full paper manuscripts and make presentations in person at the APSAR2025.
- The winners will be announced and awarded at the closing ceremony on the final day.

Best Student Paper Award

The Best Student Paper Award recognizes excellence in a paper presented at the APSAR2025 Conference whose primary author is a student at the time of presentation.

The applicants are required to submit your full paper manuscript. Please improve the manuscript and submit final version according to deadlines on the APSAR2025 website.

The applicants are required to participate to the conference, personally make presentation. This presentation will also be included in the award evaluation.

The winners will be announced and awarded at the closing ceremony on the final day.

Requirements for Student Paper Contest:

- Students are required to submit by the initial submission deadline of 21 March 2025.
- Publish-ready 2 column manuscript (4 pages): this document will be judged for the spc.
- Proof of student status: a copy of your student id in jpg file or a letter from your university or school stating that you are a student currently enrolled in a degree program.

IX. Keynote Speeches

Keynote Speeches I

Session Date Session Time Session Room

Session Chair(s)

October 6 (Monday), 2025

11:00 - 12:30

International Conference Hall (3F)

Junichi Susaki

Keynote Talk I





Accuracy Improvement of Mineral and Geothermal Resources Exploration by Increasing Reflectance Spectral and Spatial Properties Information of Satellite Image Data

Prof. Katsuaki Koike (Kyoto Univerisy, Japan)

Abstract

Demand of mineral resources including base and rare metals and rare earth elements has largely increased for supporting many aspects such as infrastructure, advanced technology, and lowcarbon society. This increase trend is forecasted to continue and accelerate hereafter. In addition, the importance of geothermal resource has recently increased for renewable energy-based power generation owing to its large power output and high operation rates. Both metal and geothermal resources are deeply seated and therefore, accurate detection/specification of high potential resource zones are more and more important and required globally. Aiming at this achievement, my Laboratory has developed the following methods using optical sensor and SAR satellite image data.

The first approach is the pseudo-hyperspectral image transformation algorithm (PHITA). A critical issue that reduces a mineral's detection accuracy is a limited number of bands in a multispectral sensor image. In contrast, hyperspectral sensors have hundreds of bands with high spectral resolution, which can be used to unravel the absorption features of a target mineral. However, the availability of hyperspectral images is quite limited in certain areas. Because multispectral images cover almost the entire Earth surface, they have the possibility to simulate hyperspectral images. PHITA combines band reflectance data between multispectral and hyperspectral images using a multiple linear regression model or machine-learning method. PHITA was applied to hydrothermal deposit and geothermal areas in the west United States, northern Chile, and northern Australia and representative typical hydrothermal alteration minerals such as alunite, kaolinite, and pyrophyllite were detected successfully from multispectral images with limited number of band data.

The second approach is the entire detection of the surface deformation of a geothermal area using InSAR with geostatistics to specify the locations and shapes of the heat sources. Persistent scatterer and small baseline subset InSAR were used with a Sentinel-1 dataset. Geostatistical techniques, ordinal kriging and turning bands simulation, are successfully applied to compensate for undetected displacement pixels owing to low coherence and decompose the line-of-sight displacement into vertical and horizontal east—west displacements using both the ascending and descending mode results and the least-squares method. A detailed displacement pattern is revealed for the whole study area in Indonesia. Via the vertical displacement pattern in the study period and a Bayesian inversion, one circular source, equivalent to a magma reservoir, and one dyke source are identified. This information is effective for locating geothermal resources generated above the reservoir.

Other approaches are new vegetation index to accurately detect vegetation stress caused by metals in soils from deposits and modeling fracture system, which can act as ascent paths of hydrothermal fluids and host mineral and geothermal resources, from linear features on imagery.

Keynote Talk II 11:30-12:00



Perspectives of Operational Weather Radars in Japan Heading to climate change adaptation.

Prof. Eikichi Nakakita
(Kyoto Univerisy, Japan)

Abstract

Even a single cumulonimbus cloud can cause flash floods and urban flooding through its heavy rain (guerrilla heavy rainfall). Climate change is predicted to increase the intensity and frequency of torrential downpours.

In this context, early detection of heavy rainfall using weather radar will become increasingly important. In Japan, a network known as XRAIN has been established, using a group of polarimetric Doppler radars to accurately and precisely observe torrential downpours in three dimensions, both in fine time and space, and an early detection system for guerrilla heavy rainfall using this has been developed.

Furthermore, phased array radar, a cutting-edge radar capable of observing rainfall in even more detail, is on the verge of being put into practical use, and a preliminary early detection system for torrential downpours using this radar is also being developed.

This presentation will introduce these technologies.



Radar Vegetation Indices: Bridging Crop Insurance with Remote Sensing Data Analysis

Prof. Avik Bhattacharya
(Indian Institute of Technology Bombay, India)

Abstract

The convergence of agricultural finance, crop insurance, and Earth observation technologies is reshaping risk assessment and credit allocation in farming systems. This presentation will explore the emerging role of radar vegetation indices and other remote sensing—derived biophysical indicators in providing scalable and timely insights for crop monitoring. By leveraging Analysis Ready Data (ARD) from satellite-borne sensors—including medium-resolution optical imagery and Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) datasets from providers such as Copernicus, EOS, upcoming NISAR—this approach minimizes pre-processing burdens, enabling direct integration into decision-making workflows. Such streamlined data pipelines empower diverse stakeholders—insurers, agri-fintech companies, policymakers, and extension agencies—to translate raw Earth Observation (EO) data into actionable crop risk intelligence. While unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) deployment remains limited at present, satellite-based ARD ensures consistent coverage, continuity, and rapid turnaround, making it a cornerstone for worlds' evolving crop insurance and agri-tech nexus. The session will highlight how ARD-driven vegetation indices can be operationalized for crop credit scoring, yield forecasting, and insurance claim validation, thereby fostering transparent, data-driven agricultural financing and improving end-user utility from farm to policy table.

Keynote Speeches II

Session DateOctober 6 (Monday), 2025Session Time13:30 - 15:00Session RoomInternational Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Kei Suwa

Keynote Talk IV

13:30-14:00



Synthetic Aperture Radar Processing for GPR

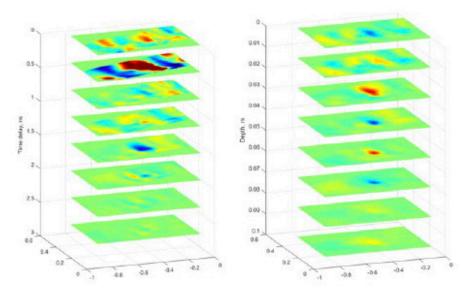
Prof. Motoyuki Sato(Tohoku Univerisy/Higashi Nippon International University, Japan)

Abstract

Ground penetrating radar (GPR) is widely used for subsurface exploration. It is useful for detection of buried objects such as pipes, caves and inspection of the condition of pavement of roads. GPR can provide vertical section profiles while data acquisition. However, if GPR data is acquired with the position information, Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) processing can be applied, and it improves the quality of subsurface information. 2-D and 3-D image reconstruction in GPR is useful in applications including archaeology and landmine detection.



Figure 1: Mine detection by GPR in Ukraine



(a) Raw GPR data (b) SAR processed image Figure 2: Imaging a buried landmine by SAR processing.

Figure 1 shows the GPR system that we developed, which is used for landmine detection in mine affected countries including Ukraine. This GPR system can trace the antenna position while manual hand scanning, and GPR data can be processed by SAR algorithm. Figure 2 compares the 3D images of a buried landmine with and without SAR processing. By SAR processing, we can clearly see the shape of the buried mine. We found that SAR processing is useful not only for image reconstruction but also clutter rejection, which is quite important in GPR survey.

Keynote Talk V 14:00-14:30



The current status of ALOS-4

Mr. Yukihiro Kankaku

(Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

Abstract

The Advanced Land Observing Satellite-4 "Daichi-4" (ALOS-4), which was launched on July 1st, 2024, by H3 launch vehicle from Tanegashima Space Center, is a follow-on mission of ALOS-2 "Daichi-2". ALOS-4 carries the state-of-the-art L-band SAR named the Phase Array type L-band Synthetic Aperture Radar-3 (PALSAR-3) to meet higher user requirements than those of ALOS-2. With further improved observation performance compared to PALSAR-2 aboard ALOS-2, JAXA and Mitsubishi Electric Corporation as the prime contractor, developed ALOS-4 for achieving both high resolution and a broader observation swath. The observation swath is extended to 200 km, which is four times wider than that of PALSAR-2 by using the Digital Beam Forming (DBF) technique while maintaining the high resolution. Therefore, we can observe a broader area at the same time when a large-scale disaster that damages wide areas occurs, such as a huge earthquake or multiple eruptions at the same time.

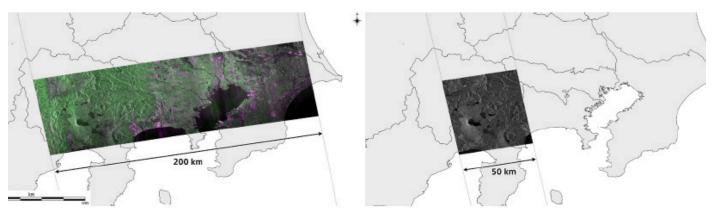


Figure 1: The first image of ALOS-4 (left) compared to ALOS-2 image (right)

ALOS-4 also carries the Space-based Automatic Identification System (AIS) for ships Experiment 3 (SPAISE3), which is a successor to SPAISE2 onboard ALOS-2. The features of SPAISE3 are the antenna composed of eight elements, and AIS signal processing that adopts a ground-based DBF system as one of the methods to eliminate AIS signal collision in crowded ship areas. PALSAR-3 and SPAISE3 will generate vast amounts of data due to their enhanced performance and higher image resolution. To be compatible with high-resolution and wide-swath observation, high-speed and large-capacity mission data handling between the satellite and ground stations is necessary. The transmission system uses Ka-band to perform frequency multiplexing and achieves high transmission speeds of 3.6 Gbps by using it in combination with 16QAM. 3.6 Gbps is the fastest RF direct downlink speed from an Earth observation satellite to ground stations. JAXA also developed a next-generation data relay system called "LUCAS" using an optical link for inter-satellite communication. LUCAS can increase the mission data transmission rate to 1.8 Gbps. After the launch, the critical phase, initial checkout phase, and initial calibration and verification phase were completed and the basic observation started in early April. In this presentation, the status of ALOS-4 will be introduced.

Keynote Talk VI

14:30-15:00



Building Infrastructure For Sustainable Future

Mr. Keizo Fujiwara (Synspective, Japan)

Abstract

Synspective's mission is to build a new infrastructure that empowers the next generation to better understand our planet and foster a resilient future. In an era of increasing environmental uncertainty and rapid urbanization, the ability to observe and interpret Earth's dynamics is more critical than ever. Our vision is to enable data-driven decision-making that supports sustainable development, disaster resilience, and climate adaptation.

Achieving global-scale data analysis demands consistent, reliable, and unbiased information delivered in near real-time. Traditional Earth observation methods often fall short due to limitations in coverage, weather dependency, and latency. To overcome these challenges, Synspective is deploying a constellation of Earth observation (EO) satellites equipped with Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR). SAR technology is uniquely capable of capturing high-resolution imagery regardless of weather conditions or time of day, making it indispensable for continuous monitoring of the Earth's surface.

The strategic advantage of SAR lies in its ability to penetrate cloud cover and operate in darkness, providing uninterrupted data streams. To fully harness this capability, Synspective is building and launching a fleet of compact, cost-effective SAR satellites. This miniaturized design not only reduces production and launch costs but also enables scalable deployment. However, this approach introduces new challenges in satellite manufacturing, integration, and operational coordination.

Beyond hardware, the true value of SAR lies in its data. Yet, interpreting SAR imagery remains complex for many end users, particularly those without specialized technical expertise. As our constellation grows, we face additional hurdles: (1) optimizing satellite tasking to meet diverse use cases, (2) managing and processing vast volumes of data efficiently, and (3) minimizing latency to support near real-time applications such as emergency response and national security.

To address these challenges, Synspective is developing a robust platform that fuses scientific research with engineering innovation. This platform is designed to bridge two critical gaps: the technological gap between satellite capabilities and user accessibility, and the application gap between raw data and actionable insights. By aligning satellite operations with user needs, we aim to democratize access to SAR data and accelerate the development of practical applications.

Ultimately, our goal is to transform SAR data into a universally accessible resource that empowers governments, businesses, and communities to make informed decisions. Through this keynote, we will share our journey, insights, and vision for how satellite technology can contribute to a more resilient and sustainable future.

X. Technical Program

Important Notice

All authors must review and confirm the following:

- APSAR 2025 will be held as an on-site (in-person) conference only.
- Each presentation must be given by one of the authors. Proxy or substitute presenters are not allowed.
- Presentations must be given in English.
- Presenters must complete their registration via the Amarys system by September 5: https://apsar2025.ce.t.kyoto-u.ac.jp/Registration/registration.php
- If registration is not completed by the deadline, the presentation will be considered withdrawn, the title will be removed from the final program, and the corresponding full paper will not be included in IEEE Xplore.

Oral Presentations

Each oral presentation is allocated **15 minutes**, followed by **4 minutes for Q&A**. Presenters must strictly adhere to the allotted time.

All presentation rooms will be equipped with a screen, projector, lectern, and microphone. Presenters are required to use **their own laptop** for the presentation.

An **HDMI cable** will be provided in each room.

Please arrive at the session room at least 10 minutes in advance to meet the session chair and test the HDMI connection to ensure compatibility.

Poster Presentations

Poster presentations must be delivered **in person**. Presenters are required to be at their poster **during the assigned session time**. Posters without a presenter during their assigned time slot will be considered a **no-show**.

The poster session will be divided into **two one-hour sessions**. Each paper will be assigned to either the first or second session based on its poster number.

Please make sure to present **during your assigned session only**. Attendance during the unassigned session is encouraged for viewing and discussing other posters.

Posters may be mounted starting from 9:30 AM on the day of the session, and must be removed by 4:30 PM.

Poster boards will be available in the designated poster area.

One poster board will be provided per paper. Each board has a usable area of 115 cm (width) × 205 cm (height). Posters do not need to fill the entire space, but they must not exceed the allocated size. Poster boards and push pins will be provided at the venue.

Opening Ceremony

Session Date October 6 (Monday), 2025

Session Time 10:00 - 10:30

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Hideomi Gokon

10:00-10:03

Opening Address

10:03-10:13

Opening Remarks by APSAR 2025 General Chair: Junichi Susaki

10:13-10:18

Welcome Address by Guest-Of-Honor: Hiroki Otani, President of Shimane University

10:18-10:28

Welcome Address by Guest-Of-Honor: Saibun Tjuatja, 2025 IEEE GRSS President

10:28-10:30

Closing Address

Keynote Speeches I

Session Date October 6 (Monday), 2025

Session Time 11:00 - 12:30

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Junichi Susaki

[KT-01] Keynote Talk I 11:00-11:30

Accuracy Improvement Of Mineral And Geothermal Resources Exploration by Increasing Reflectance Spectral And Spatial Properties Information Of Satellite Image Data

Prof. Katsuaki Koike, Kyoto University

[KT-02] Keynote Talk II 11:30-12:00

Perspectives Of Operational Weather Radars In Japan Heading Toward Climate Change Adaptation

Prof. Eiichi Nakakita, Kyoto University

[KT-03] Keynote Talk III 12:00-12:30

Radar Vegetation Indices: Bridging Crop Insurance With Remote Sensing Data Analysis

Prof. Avik Bhattacharya, Indian Institute of Technology Bombay

Keynote Speeches II

Session Date October 6 (Monday), 2025

Session Time 13:30 - 15:00

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Kei Suwa

[KT-04] Keynote Talk IV 13:30-14:00

Synthetic Aperture Radar Processing For GPR

Prof. Motoyuki Sato, Tohoku Univerisity/ALISys Co., Ltd.

[KT-05] Keynote Talk V 14:00-14:30

The Current Status Of ALOS-4

Mr. Yukihiro Kankaku, Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA)

[KT-06] Keynote Talk VI 14:30-15:00

Infrastructure For A Sustainable Future

Mr. Keizo Fujiwara, Synspective Inc.

[Molc1] Spaceborne SAR Systems and Missions

Session Date October 6 (Monday), 2025
Session Time 15:30 - 16:50

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Irena Hajnsek Co-Chair: Ryo Natsuaki

[Molc1_01] 15:30-15:50

(Invited) Tandem-X At Its 4D Mission Phase: Biosphere And Cryosphere Applications

I. Hajnsek ^{1,2}, L. Albrecht ¹, S. Li ², T. Busche ¹, T. Kraus ¹, M. Bachmann ¹, B. Wessel ¹, M. Lachaise ¹, A. Moreira ¹, M. Zink ¹, S. Buckreuss ¹ (¹ German Aerospace Center (DLR), Germany, ² ETH Zurich, Switzerland)

[Molc1_02] 15:50-16:10

L-Band SAR DiskSat At Shallow vLEO

H. Saito ¹, M. Kaneoka ², R. Natsuaki ³ (¹ Nihon University, Japan, ² CSP Japan, Japan, ³ The University of Tokyo, Japan)

[Molc1 03] 16:10-16:30

On The Design Of A Novel StriX Small Satellite Exploiting A Passive Frequency Scanning Antenna To Image Wide Swaths At High Resolution

N. Onodera ¹, G. Baier ¹, M. Mariotti ¹, B. Pyne ¹, S. A. Chelariu ¹, T. Obata ¹, F. Bordoni ², D. Thois ², M. Younis ²,

G. Krieger ², A. Moreira ² (¹ Synspective, Japan, ² German Aerospace Center (DLR), Germany)

[Molc1_04] 16:30-16:50

Multi-Source Feature Fusion Network For Cross-Domain SAR Ship Classification

J. He ^{1,2}, S. Li ¹, W. Chang ¹, Y. Kong ², G. Chen ¹, Y. Liu ¹

(¹ Xi'an University of Posts and Telecommunications, China, ² Nanjing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics, China)

[MoMh1] SAR Interferometry

Session Date October 6 (Monday), 2025

Session Time 15:30 - 16:50

Session Room Multipurpose Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Agustan Co-Chair: Yo Fukushima

[MoMh1_01] 15:30-15:50

(Invited) Mitigating Phase Jumps In InSAR Due To Large Earthquake Deformation

A. Agustan ^{1,2}, T. Ito ², A. Aditiya ² (¹ Indonesian Society for Remote Sensing (MAPIN/ISRS), Indonesia,

[MoMh1_02] 15:50-16:10

Near-field Height Estimation Using Averaging InSAR Datasets

Y. Abe ¹, H. Yamada ¹, K. Murota ² (¹ Niigata University, Japan, ² Nippon Steel Corporation, Japan)

[MoMh1_03]16:10-16:30

Tropospheric Noise Mitigation In InSAR Using Dense GNSS Network

Y. Fukushima ¹ (¹ Tohoku University, Japan)

[MoMh1_04] 16:30-16:50

Developing Anomaly Detection Model For InSAR Time Series To Detect Slow Slip Events

R. Sakurai ¹, Y. Kinoshita ¹ (¹ University of Tsukuba, Japan)

² Nagoya University

[MoSh1] Machine Learning, Deep Learning, and Data Fusion

Session DateOctober 6 (Monday), 2025Session Time15:30 - 16:50

Session Room Small Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Akira Hirose Co-Chair: Yilong Lu

[MoSh1_01] 15:30-15:50

(Invited) Explainable Neural Networks In The Era Of Many-Sensor/Multimodal Earth Observation

A. Hirose ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan)

[MoSh1_02] 15:50-16:10

Ship Detection With Bistatic Interferometric SAR And Complex-valued Convolutional Neural Networks

T. Miyashita ¹, A. Hirose ¹, R. Natsuaki ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan)

[MoSh1_03] 16:10-16:30

Optimizing SAR-to-Optical Translation: Evaluating Multi-task Versus Adversarial Training With Semantic Supervision X. Fu ¹, T. Kouyama ², J. Hur ^{1,2}, R. Nakamura ², I. Yoshikawa ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan, ² National Institute of Advance Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Japan)

[MoSh1_04] 16:30-16:50

High-Resolution EO-SAR Bidirectional Translation With Cycle-Consistent Adversarial Networks

Y. Lu ¹, J. Zhu ¹, W. Yang ¹, G. Ma ¹, C. Xiao ¹ (¹ EarthView Image Co., Ltd., China)

[TuMh1] PolSAR

Session Date October 7 (Tuesday), 2025

Session Time 9:00 - 10:20

Session Room Multipurpose Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Avik Bhattacharya Co-Chair: Yoshio Yamaguchi

[TuMh1_01] 9:00-9:20

(Invited) Quad-pol Time-series PolSAR Data Utilization By Scattering Power Decomposition

Y. Yamaguchi ^{1,2}, (¹ Niigata University, Japan, ² National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST))

[TuMh1 02] 9:20-9:40

Quantum Bits And Polarimetric SAR: Qupolbit For Data Representation

A. Bhattacharya ¹, A. Verma ¹, M. Datcu ² (¹ Indian Institute of Technology Bombay, India, ² POLITEHNICA Bucharest, Romania

[TuMh1_03] 9:40-10:00

The General Compact Polarimetric Target Decomposition

J. Yin ¹, J. Yang ² (¹ University of Science and Technology Beijing, China, ² Tsinghua University, China)

[TuMh1_04] 10:00-10:20

Polarimetric RFI Mapping Of PALSAR Observation In Hokkaido

Y. Hashimoto ¹, R. Sugimoto ², A. Hirose ¹, R. Natsuaki ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan, ² National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Japan)

[TuSh1] Next generation SAR Systems and Missions I

Session Date October 7 (Tuesday), 2025
Session Time 9:00-10:20

Session Room Small Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Hyun-Ung Oh Co-Chair: Min-Ho Ka

[TuSh1_01] 9:00-9:20

(Invited) Very Low Earth Orbit Spaceborne Radar Mission Evaluation With Virtual Electromagnetic Wave Scattering Earth Surface

Min-Ho Ka ¹ (¹ Yonsei University, Republic of Korea)

[TuSh1_02] 9:20-9:40

(Invited) Conceptual Design For VLEO Small SAR Satellite Of V-STEP

H.-U. Oh ^{1,2}, T.-Y. Park ¹, M.-H. Ka ³ (¹ STEP Lab. Ltd., Republic of Korea, ² Korea Aerospace University, Republic of Korea, ³ Yonsei University, Republic of Korea)

[TuSh1_03] 9:40-10:00

Multi-mode SAR For The Surveillance Of Surface Vessels Over Vast Ocean Areas On Very Low Earth Orbit

J. Kim ¹, A. Kononov ¹, M.-H. Ka ¹ (¹ Yonsei University, Republic of Korea)

[TuSh1_04] 10:00-10:20

Cost-Effective Deformation Monitoring Over Ultrawide Swaths Using Ambiguous Staggered SAR

M. Villano ¹, N. Ustalli ¹, V. F. de Almeida ², P. Prats-Iraola ¹ (¹ German Aerospace Center (DLR), Germany,

² Aeronautics Institute of Technology (ITA), Brazil)

[Tulc1] Moving Target Detection and Indication

Session Date October 7 (Tuesday), 2025

Session Time 9:00 - 10:20

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Wenjie Shen Co-Chair: Yutaro Shigemitsu

[Tulc1_01] 9:00-9:20

Specific-velocity Moving Target Selection And Detection Method For High-temporal Spaceborne SAR

T. Jin ¹, H. Shen ², Y. Wang ¹, W. Yang ¹, H. Zeng ¹, J. Chen ¹ (¹ Beihang University, China, ² Shanghai Institute of Satellite Engineering, China)

[Tulc1_02] 9:20-9:40

Feasibility Confirmation Of Using Spaceborne SAR For Flying Aeroplane Monitoring -- Case Of AMTIm Using Gaofen-3 Spotlight Data

W. Shen ¹, Y. Wang ¹, W. Hong ², B. Han ², A. Wang ³, L. Liu ⁴, H. Liu ⁴, Q. Zhang ⁴ (¹ North China University of Technology, China, ² Chinese Academy of Sciences, China, ³ China Centre for Resources Satellite Data and Application China, ⁴ China Academy of Space Technology (CAST), China)

[Tulc1 03] 9:40-10:00

Robust Crane Pose Estimation Using High-resolution Drone SAR

H. Kim ¹, S. Han ¹, D. Lee ¹, J. Song ¹, H. Lee ¹, S. An ¹, D.-j. Kim ¹, J. W. Kim ², Y. B. Jeon ², J. G. Kim ², H. Kim ², G. W. Ji ² (¹ Seoul National University, Republic of Korea, ² LIG Nex1, Republic of Korea)

[Tulc1 04] 10:00-10:20

Comparative Study On Correction Of Residual Error In MIMO-ISAR

H. Tsuchiya ¹, H. Yamada ¹, H. Kamo ² (¹ Niigata University, Japan, ² TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD., Japan)

[TuMh2] Urban infrastructure

Session Date	October 7 (Tuesday), 2025
Session Time	10:50-11:50
Session Room	Multipurpose Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Josaphat Tetuko Sri Sumantyo Co-Chair: Shinpei Nakano

[TuMh2_01] 10:50-11:10

(Invited) Multi-scale PSInSAR Application On Deformation Monitoring Of Coastal Infrastructure

Y. Tai ¹, F. Tsai ¹, ² (¹ Center for Space and Remote Sensing Research, Taiwan, ² National Central University, Taiwan)

[TuMh2_02] 11:10-11:30

(Invited) Analysis Of Coastal Sedimentation At The Coastal Line Of Jakarta Using PS-InSAR

J. T. S. Sumantyo ¹ (¹ Chiba University, Japan)

[TuMh2_03] 11:30-11:50

Application Of Tomo-PSInSAR On Large-scale Structural Health Monitoring And Urban Planning

Y. N. Lin ¹, Y.-C. Chen ^{1,2}, T.-A. Teo ³, C.-Y. Chen ¹,T.-Y. Shih ³, H. Tung ¹ (¹ Academia Sinica, Taiwan, ² Viridien Satellite Mapping, United Kingdom, ³ National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, Taiwan)

[TuSh2] Image Filtering, Correction, and Enhancement

Session Date October 7 (Tuesday), 2025
Session Time 10:50-11:50
Session Room Small Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Shungo Tonoyama Co-Chair: Frédéric Brigui

[TuSh2_01] 10:50-11:10

Kalman Filtering For Improved Focus In Drone-based SAR Imaging

S. Nadaf ¹, P. Vasudev ¹, D. Chawda ¹, R. Rajaraman ^{2,3}, S. K. Patra ^{2,3} (¹ GalaxEye Space Solution Pvt. Ltd, India, ² Indian Space Research Organization (ISRO), India, ³ Defence Research and Development Organization (DRDO), India)

[TuSh2_02] 11:10-11:30

Impact Of Atmospheric Corrections At Mount Fuji

S.Tonoyama 1 (1 RIKEN, Japan)

[TuSh2_03] 11:30-11:50

Man-made Target Extraction Method In BiSAR Images Based On Target Scattering And Frequency Perception

Y. Song ¹, W. Pu ¹, Z. Zhang ¹, J. Wu ¹, Z. Li ¹, J. Yang ¹ (¹ University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, China)

[Tulc2] Digital Elevation Modeling

Session Date October 7 (Tuesday), 2025

Session Time 10:50-11:50

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Yu Morishita Co-Chair: Sandro Groth

[Tulc2_01] 10:50-11:10

Multi-aspect SAR 3-D Reconstruction Based On Prominent Point Matching

W. Ao ¹, J. Huo ¹, Z. Li ¹, J. Wu ¹, J. Yang ¹ (¹ University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, China)

[Tulc2_02] 11:10-11:30

InSAR-based DEM Error Estimation Using ALOS-2 Data With Long Perpendicular Baseline

Y. Shigemitsu ¹, K. Yanagiya ¹, M. Ohki ¹, T. Tadono ¹ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[Tulc2_03] 11:30-11:50

InSAR And Height Change Measurement Using StriX Data

Y. Morishita ¹ (¹ Synspective Inc., Japan)

[WeMh1] Next generation SAR Systems and Missions II

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 9:00 - 10:20

Session Room Multipurpose Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Hyun-Ung Oh Co-Chair: Min-Ho Ka

[WeMh1_01] 9:00-9:20

(Invited) Spaceborne SAR Technology For Defense Application

J.-P. Kim ¹, Y. Lee ¹, H.-S. Shin ¹ (¹ LIG Nex1, Republic of Korea)

[WeMh1_02] 9:20-9:40

On Determination Of Synthetic Aperture Time For Earth-observation Moon-based SAR

Z. Xu ¹, J. Chen ¹, K.-S. Chen ² (¹ Hohai University, China, ² Nanjing University, China)

[WeMh1_03] 9:40-10:00

A Conceptual Study Of Bistatic Satellite SAR System For 3-D Displacement Measurement Of Infrastructure

A. Uematsu ¹, R. Tamura ¹, M. Harada ¹, T. Nishibori ¹, S. Ozawa ¹, K. Sugawara ¹, D. Tate ¹ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[WeMh1_04] 10:00-10:20

Evaluation Of Multi-temporal NISAR Simulated Data For Forest Biomass Estimation

U. Khati ¹, C. Leena ¹, A. Sabir ¹, S. Kumar ², A. Das ² (¹ Indian Institutes of Technology (IIT) Indore, India, ² Indian Space Research Organisation (ISRO), India)

[WeSh1] BSPA Session I

Session DateOctober 8 (Wednesday), 2025Session Time9:00-10:20

Session Room Small Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Toshifumi Moriyama Co-Chair: Wen Liu

[WeSh1_01] 9:00-9:20

Enhancing Man-made Structure Extraction Using PolSAR Data

Y. Siriprathan ¹, J. Susaki ¹, Y. Ishii ¹, T. Oba ¹ (¹ Kyoto University, Japan)

[WeSh1 02] 9:20-9:40

Application Of Error Reduction Method Using Noise2Noise Deep Learning In Interferometric SAR Analysis

T. Kitazawa ¹, T. Nagata ², K. Ishitsuka ¹, Y. Shigemitsu ², W. Lin ¹ (¹ Kyoto University, Japan, ² Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA))

[WeSh1_03] 9:40-10:00

Multibaseline InSAR Height Estimation Using Small SAR Satellites

L. H. Oguchi ¹, S. Fujimaru ², Y. Morishita ², M. M. d'Alessandro ², G. Baier ², A. Hirose ¹, R. Natsuaki ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan, ² Synspective Inc., Japan)

[WeSh1_04] 10:00-10:20

Assessment On Track Combinations For Urban Flood Detection Using SAR Mulit-spatiotemporal Interferometric Coherence

W. Cao ¹, A. Hirose ¹, R. Natsuaki ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan)

[Welc1] Imaging Technique

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 9:00 - 10:20

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Naoya Nomura Co-Chair: Ryu Sugimoto

[Welc1_01] 9:00-9:20

Comparison Of PN-sequence Multiplied FM-chirp Signals

R. Suzuki ¹, A. Hirose ¹, R. Natsuaki ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan)

[Welc1_02] 9:20-9:40

The Study Of GPU-based Parallelization For SAR Imaging With MIMO-RMA

N. Nomura ¹, T. Nakamura ¹, M. Gocho ¹, T. Kitamura ¹, N. Oishi ¹ (¹ Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Japan)

[Welc1_03] 9:40-10:00

Resolution Enhancement For Multi-channel Radar Forward-looking Imaging Via Multi-kernel Supperresolution Deconvolution Framework

L. Ren ¹, H. Wei ², D. Wu ¹, S. Wang ², D. Zhu ¹ (¹ Nanjing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics, China,

[Welc1_04] 10:00-10:20

Wave Spectrum Inversion Method Based On Circular Scattering Synthetic Aperture Radar

X. Yao ¹, X. Wang ¹, J. Xie ¹, D. Yue ², W. Zhang ¹ (¹ Dalian Maritime University, China, ² Fuyao University of Science and Technology, China)

² Shanghai Radio Equipment Research Institute, China)

[WeMh2] ALOS series I

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 10:50-11:50

Session Room Multipurpose Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Masato Ohki Co-Chair: Kauzki Yanagiya

[WeMh2_01] 10:50-11:10

PALSAR-3 Mission Initial Check-out And Cal/Val Results

M. Shibata ¹, S. Ota ¹, S. Kondo ¹, M. Yajima ¹, S. Nakamura ¹, K. Ito ², T. Motohka ², Y. Kankaku ² (¹ Mitsubishi Electric, Japan, ² Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[WeMh2_02] 11:10-11:30

The Performance Result of ALOS-4 SAR Experimental Modes

S. Ota ¹, M. Shibata ¹, S. Kondo ¹, M. Yajima ¹, S. Nakamura ¹, K. Ito ², T. Motohka ², Y. Kankaku ² (¹ Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Japan, ² Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan

[WeMh2 03] 11:30-11:50

Near Real-time Cropland Monitoring Using Full-polarimetric L-band SAR For Enhance LULC Mapping

S. Kanai ¹, P. Tantianuparp ², S. Hirayama ³, T. Tadono ³, K. Imamura ⁴, N. Hirade ⁴, F. Ohgushi ⁴, R. Satake ⁴, K. (N.) Nasahara ⁵ (¹ Kyoto University, Japan, ² Hydro – Informatics Institute, Thailand, ³ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan, ⁴ Remote Sensing Technology Center of Japan, Japan, ⁵ University of Tsukuba, Japan)

[WeSh2] BSPA Session II

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 10:50-11:50
Session Room Small Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Toshifumi Moriyama Co-Chair: Wen Liu

[WeSh2_01] 10:50-11:10

mmWave SAR-based Road Debris Detection With Adaptive Fusion Of Stereo Camera Data

H. Lee ¹, D.-j. Kim ¹ (¹ Seoul National University, Republic of Korea)

[WeSh2_02] 11:10-11:30

Motion Compensation In Time-domain Back-projection For Drone-Borne SAR

D. B Putra ¹, Y. Izumi ¹, R. Ishigaki ¹, F. Nurzaman ¹, J. Widodo ², S. Kawamura ¹ (¹ Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan, ² National Research and Innovation Agency of Indonesia, Indonesia)

[WeSh2_03] 11:30-11:50

Two-Dimensional Efficient Accumulation Method For Kelvin Wake And Ship Velocity Estimation Algorithm Of Marine Targets In SAR Images

Z. Jiang ¹, H. Wang ¹, Y. Hai ¹, Z. Shao ¹, Z. Li ¹ (¹ University Of Electronic Science And Technology Of China, China)

[Welc2] Ice, Snow, and Glacier

Session Date	October 8 (Wednesday), 2025				
Session Time	10:50-11:50				
Session Room	International Conference Hall (3F)				
Session Chair(s)	Chair: Kenshiro Arie Co-Chair: Hiroto Naga				

[Welc2_01] 10:50-11:10

The Detection Of Long-term Changes In The Glacial Firn Line Using L-band SAR

K. Arie ¹, T. Tadono ¹ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[Welc2_02] 11:10-11:30

Development Of Snow Depth Estimation Method Using ASNARO-2 X-band SAR Data

N. Omori ¹, R. Furuta ¹, R. Inaba ¹, R. Tanahashi ¹, T. Tanamachi ², K. Ichihara ², N. Jumonji ² (¹ Remote Sensing Technology Center of Japan (RESTEC), Japan, ² Japan EO-Satellite Service, Ltd. (JEOSS), Japan)

[Welc2_03] 11:30-11:50

Radar Signatures Of Snow-covered Sea Ice

Y. Yang ¹, K.-S. Chen ¹ (¹ Nanjing University, China)

[WeMh3] ALOS series II

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 15:30-16:50

Session Room Multipurpose Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Masato Ohki Co-Chair: Kauzki Yanagiya

[WeMh3 01] 15:30-15:50

Development Of Analysis Ready Data And Application Examples Of JAXA's L-band SAR Observations Over 30 Years

T. Tadono ¹, A. Rosenqvist ², O. Isoguchi ³, K. Kobayashi ³ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan,

[WeMh3_02] 15:50-16:10

Validation Of ALOS-4 Interferometry And ALOS-2/4 Multi-platform Interferometry

K. Yanagiya ¹, Y. Shigemitsu ¹, K. Ito ¹, T. Mothoka ¹, M. Ohki ¹, T. Tadono ¹ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[WeMh3_03] 16:10-16:30

Operational Algorithm For Earthquake-damaged Building Detection Using ALOS-2

M. Ohki ¹, S. Kawakita ¹, T. Motoki ¹, O. Isoguchi ², H. Hirano ², T. Tadono ¹ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan, ² Remote Sensing Technology Center (RESTEC), Japan)

[WeMh3_04] 16:30-16-50

ALOS-2/-4 Operational Deforestation Detection And Early Warning - Japan's L-band SAR Contribution To Global Forest Sustainability

C. Koyama ¹, M. Shimada ², Y. Kankaku ¹, K. Kobayashi ³, R. Souza ⁴, M. Ohki ¹, T. Tadono ¹ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan, ² Tokyo Denki University, Japan, ³ Remote Sensing Technology Center (RESTEC), Japan, ⁴ IBAMA, Brazil)

² solo Earth Observation, Japan, ³ Remote Sensing Technology Center of Japan (RESTEC), Japan)

[WeSh3] Geohazard I

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 15:30-16:50
Session Room Small Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Tomokazu Kobayashi Co-Chair: Seiya Usami

[WeSh3_01] 15:30-15:50

Multi-Mechanism Deformation Patterns In A Subsiding Coastal Region Through InSAR Time-Series Decomposition S.-H. Lin ^{1,2}, J.-C. Hu ¹, W.-C. Hung ^{2,3} (¹ National Taiwan University, Taiwan, ² Green Environmental Engineering Consultant Co. LTD, Taiwan, ³ National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, Taiwan)

[WeSh3_02] 15:50-16:10

Steady Coupling Along The Nankai Subduction Zone And Median Tectonic Line (MTL) Estimated From GNSS And InSAR Observation

K. Shimotsuma ^{1,2}, Y. Kinoshita¹, S. Yabe ², T. Ochi ² (¹ University of Tsukuba, Japan, ² Geological Survey of Japan, Japan)

[WeSh3_03] 16:10-16:30

A Sequential Polarimetric Phase Optimization For PS/DS Interferometry Of Dual-pol Sentinel-1 Data

Y. Wang ¹, J. Luo ¹, L. We ¹, M. Ao ¹ (¹ Northeastern University, China)

[WeSh3_04] 16:30-16:50

L-band-based InSAR with Long Temporal Baseline for Detection of Medium- to Long-term Volcanic Deformation

T. Kobayashi ¹, H. Munekane ¹ (¹ Geospatial Information Authority of Japan (GSI), Japan)

[Welc3] UAV, Ground-based, and Subsurface Sensing

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 15:30-16:50

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Yuta Izumi Co-Chair: Shouhei Kidera

[Welc3_01] 15:30-15:50

Anomaly Detection of Pavement and Rebar States for Ground Penetrating Radar Road Inspection

S. Kidera ¹, N. Akiyama ¹ (¹ University of Electro-Communications, Japan)

[Welc3_02] 15:50-16:10

Polarization Data Availability on Repositioning Error Compensation for Natural Objects

K. Urano ¹, Y. Izumi ¹, F. Nurzaman ¹, S. Kawamura ¹, M. Sato ² (¹ Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan, ² Tohoku University, Japan)

[Welc3_03] 16:10-16:30

Discontinuous Retaining Wall Displacement Monitoring Using W-band MIMO Radar

S. Sartika ¹, Y. Izumi ¹, T. Ito ¹, F.Nurzaman ¹, M. Dong ¹, K. Ota ¹, J. Widodo ², M. Tsuruga ³, N. Hamabe ³ (¹ Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan, ² National Research and Innovation Agency of Indonesia (BRIN) Indonesia, ³ A-Tic Co., LTD, Japan)

[Welc3_04] 16:30-16-50

Feasibility Study on Target Vibration Retrieval Via Drone-borne MIMO Radar Interferometry

Y. Izumi ¹, M. Komuro ¹, T. Kawarai ¹, T. Ito ¹, K. Yoshimori ¹ (¹ Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan)

[ThMh1] Imaging Simulation

Session DateOctober 9 (Thursday), 2025Session Time9:00 - 10:20

Session Room Multipurpose Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Hiroshi Yokoya Co-Chair: Cheng-Yen Chiang

[ThMh1_01] 9:00-9:20

Coherent Effects Of Antenna Pattern In SAR Echo Simulation

C.-Y. Chiang ¹, K.-S. Chen ², C.-S. Ku ¹, W.-Y. Chang ³ (¹ National Taipei University of Technology, Taiwan, ² Nanjing University, ³ National Dong Hwa University, Taiwan)

[ThMh1_02] 9:20-9:40

Training AI Models For SAR-based City Change Detection Using Simulated SAR Images

H. Yokoya ¹, S. Yasui ¹, K. Motomura ¹, F. Ogushi ², N. Kanemoto ¹ (¹ Space Shift Inc., Japan, ² NV5 Geospatial Solutions K.K., Japan)

[ThMh1_03] 9:40-10:00

SAR Raw Data Simulation Of Moving Ships Using Spatial Reflectivity Distribution

Y. Jung ¹, J. Kim ¹, J. Jang ¹, M.-H. Ka ¹ (¹ Yonsei University, Republic of Korea)

[ThMh1_04] 10:00-10:20

Mapping of PS Point Distribution Using a SAR Image Simulator with 3D Building Data

N. lwaki ¹, J. Susaki ¹, Y. Ishii ¹, T. Oba ¹ (¹ Kyoto University, Japan)

[ThSh1] Geohazard II

Session DateOctober 9 (Thursday), 2025Session Time9:00-10:20

Session Room Small Hall (1F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Tomokazu Kobayashi Co-Chair: Seiya Usami

[ThSh1_01] 9:00-9:20

Accuracy Validation Of Spatial Long-Wavelength Correction Using A Low-Pass Filter In DInSAR Active Landslide Detection

S. Usami ^{1,2}, T. Tadono ^{2,3}, S. Ishimaru ¹, (¹ Hokkaido Research Organization, Japan, ² Hokkaido University, Japan,

[ThSh1 02] 9:20-9:40

Advanced Slope Susceptibility Monitoring In Taiwan's Mountain Roads: A Multi-temporal LiDAR And InSAR Approach

 $R.-F.\ Chen\ ^1,\ H.-Y.\ Hsiao\ ^1,\ C.-Y.\ Chi\ ^2,\ C.-S.\ Chang\ ^2,\ C.-H.\ Wang\ ^3\ (\ ^1\ National\ Taipei\ University\ of\ Technology,\ Taiwan,\ C.-Y.\ Chi\ ^2,\ C.-Y.\ Chi\ ^2,\ C.-Y.\ Chi\ ^2,\ C.-H.\ Wang\ ^3\ (\ ^1\ National\ Taipei\ University\ of\ Technology,\ Taiwan,\ C.-Y.\ Chi\ ^2,\ Chi\ ^2,$

[ThSh1_03] 9:40-10:00

Recent Unrest Of The Changbaishan Tianchi Volcano Revealed By ALOS-2 And Seismic Monitoring Data

L. Wei ¹, X. Pan ¹, Y. Sun ², G. Liu ³, M. Ao ¹, S. Liu ¹, Y. Wang ¹, J. Luo ¹ (¹ Northeastern University, China,

[ThSh1_04] 10:00-10:20

InSAR Reveals Limited Summer Subsidence Two Decades After Wildfires Under The 2023 Heat Anomaly In North Yukon

Z. Cao ¹, M. Furuya ¹ (¹ Hokkaido University, Japan)

³ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA))

² CECI Engineering Consultants, Inc., Taiwan, ³ Ministry of Transportation and Communications (MOTC), Taiwan)

² RONGTONG Human Resources Development Co., Ltd., China, ³ Jilin Earthquake Agency, China)

[Thlc1] SAR System Design: Antennas, Calibration, and Emerging Technologies

Session Date October 9 (Thursday), 2025

Session Time 9:00 - 10:00

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Chair: Mika Viljam Kontto Co-Chair: Michelangelo Villano

[Thlc1_01] 9:00-9:20

Modulation and Demodulation Techniques for Establishing Satellite IoT Uplink Backscatter Communications Utilizing Synthetic Aperture Radar Signals

Y. Shintani ¹, Y. Moroi ¹, T. Ubukata ¹, R. Natsuaki ¹, H. Morikawa ¹, Y. Narusue ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan)

[Thlc1_02] 9:20-9:40

Calibration Method for Millimeter-Wave FM-CW MIMO Radar Considering Reference Target Position Error

K. Nozawa ¹, H. Yamada ¹, H. Kamo ² (¹ Niigata University, Japan, ² TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD., Japan)

[Thlc1_03] 9:40-10:00

Automatic Quality Control of SAR Images at Synspective

M. Kontto ¹, M. M. D'Alessandro ¹, G. Baier ¹, K. Orzel ¹, S. Yoshimoto ¹, T. Imaizumi ¹ (¹ Synspective, Japan)

Closing Ceremony

Session Date October 9 (Thursday), 2025

Session Time 10:30-11:05

Session Room International Conference Hall (3F)

Session Chair(s) Takashi Shibayama

10:30-10:31

Opening Address

10:31-10:36

Opening Remarks by APSAR 2025 General Chair: Junichi Susaki

10:36-10:44

Highlights of APSAR 2025 (Video)

10:44-10:54

Awards Presentation

10:54-11:04

Announcement of Next APSAR 2027

11:04-11:05

Closing Address

[WeLe] Poster Session

Session Date October 8 (Wednesday), 2025

Session Time 13:20-15:20

Session Room Large Exhibition Hall

Session Chair(s) Yasumichi Yone

[WeLe P01]

Revisiting Rapid Tectonic Deformations In Southwestern Taiwan Using GNSS And ALOS InSAR Data: Case Study In Chungliao Tunnel

I-T. Wang ^{1,2,3}, K.-E. Ching ², E. Pathier ³, R. Y. Chuang ¹ (¹ National Taiwan University, Taiwan, ² National Cheng Kung University, ³ Univ. Grenoble Alpes, Univ. Savoie Mont Blanc, CNRS, IRD, Univ. Gustave Eiffel, ISTerre, France

[WeLe P02]

Almost Decade-long Temporal Baseline InSAR For Detecting Slow And Continuous Deformation

Y. Himematsu ¹, H. Munekane ¹, T. Kobayashi ¹(¹ Geospatial Information Authority of Japan (GSI), Japan)

[WeLe_P03]

Detection Of Coseismic Landslides From SAR Intensity Image Using Particle Image Velocity: Case Study Of The 2024 Noto Earthquake, Japan

R. Endo ¹, K. Yoshida ¹, A. Sasagawa ¹ (¹ Geospatial Information Authority of Japan (GSI), Japan)

[WeLe_P04]

Landslide Monitoring With InSAR For Cost-effectiveness -A Case Study Of Odokoro Landslides -

R. Hirata ¹, Y. Matsumoto ¹, H. Kinoshita ¹ (¹OYO corporation, Japan)

[WeLe P05]

Monitoring And Detection Of Slope Instability: Integration Of MT-InSAR And LiDAR For Landslide AnalysisI In Hongye Village

S.-Y. Au ¹, R.-F. Chen ¹, G.-W. Lin ², C.-Y. Kuo ³, C.-Y. Chen ⁴, E.-J. Lin ⁴ (¹ National Taipei University of Technology, Taiwan, ² National Cheng Kung University, Taiwan, ³ Academia Sinica, Taiwan, ⁴ Ministry of Agriculture (MOA), Taiwan)

[WeLe P06]

An Integrated InSAR Framework For Short-term Soil Deformation: Improving Slope Failure Estimation C. Li ¹, J. X. Tan ^{1,2}, Y. Yokota ¹, K. Date ¹, T. Shuku ³ (¹ Kajima Corporation, Japan, ² Singapore Institute of Technology, Singapore, ³ Tokyo City University, Japan)

[WeLe_P07]

Satellite InSAR Simulation Of The Liquefaction-stricken Area Caused By The 2024 Noto Peninsula Earthquake, Japan M. Matsuoka ¹, F. Ogushi ² (¹ Institute of Science Tokyo, Japan, ² Terra Phase, Inc., Japan)

[WeLe_P08]

Creep Rate Changes Of Shallow Active Faults In Southwestern Taiwan: Insights From InSAR And GNSS Analysis

L. Chen ¹, R. Y. Chuang ², T. Sagiya ¹ (¹ Nagoya University, Japan, ² National Taiwan University Taiwan)

[WeLe P09]

Supervised Learning-based Thresholds Optimization For Landslide Detection Using SAR Satellite

H. Naruke ¹, S. Kanae ¹, O. Sasaki ¹, A. B. Declaro ¹ (¹ Institute of Science Tokyo, Japan)

[WeLe_P10]

[WeLe_P11]

Crustal Deformation And Damage Mapping Of The 2025 Tibet Earthquake Based On ALOS-2 Data

F. Yamazaki ¹, W. Liu ², Y. Guo ¹ (¹ Ohsaki Research Institute, Inc., Japan, ² Chiba University, Japan)

[WeLe P12]

Analysis Of The Relation Among Rainfall, Inclination And Land Displacement Around Roads

Y. Ishii ¹, J. Susaki ¹, A. Kurihara ¹, T. Oba ¹, K. Yamaguchi ¹, Y. Miyazaki ², K. Kishida ¹ (¹ Kyoto University, Japan, ² Kansai University, Japan)

[WeLe_P13]

Integrating 3D Electrical Resistivity Tomography And InSAR Surface Deformation Analysis To Decipher Subsurface-surface Interactions In Mud Volcano Systems Of Southwestern Taiwan

T.-T. Chen ¹, C.-X. Peng ¹, R.-F. Chen ¹, T.-L. Lin ², K.-J. Chang ¹, W.-C. Chen ³, J.-J. Yen ³ (¹ National Taipei University of Technology, Taiwan, ² National Cheng-Kung University, Taiwan, ³ CECI Engineering Consultants, Inc., Taiwan)

[WeLe_P14]

[WeLe P15]

Ground Subsidence Monitoring For Coastal Area Of Osaka Bay Using Time-series Interferometric PALSAR-2

H. Mesuda¹, M. Shimada¹ (¹ Tokyo Denki University, Japan)

[WeLe_P16]

Validation Of ALOS-4/PALSAR-3 Data For Nonitoring Ground Deformation

Y. Himematsu ¹, T. Kobayashi ¹, A. Hattori ¹, M. Nakashima ¹, H. Ueshiba ¹, M. Tanaka ¹, M. Ichimura ¹, M. Ishimoto ¹ (¹ Geospatial Information Authority of Japan (GSI), Japan)

[WeLe P17]

Effect Of Sensor- And Field-based Parameters On Deforestation Mapping With Time-series C-band And L-band SAR Data

A. Sabir 1, U. Khati 1, (1 Indian Institute of Technology Indore, India)

[WeLe_P18]

ALOS-2 Operation Status And Public Private Partnership

S. Sobue ¹ (¹ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[WeLe P19]

Updating Subsidence Across Borneo Restored Peatland Area Using L-band InSAR

Q. Zahro ¹, Y. Izumi ¹, D. A. Novresiandi ², D. Cahyana ², J. Widodo ², D. Ito¹, K. Ota ¹, M. Dong¹ (¹ Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan, ² Badan Riset dan Inovasi Nasional, Indonesia)

[WeLe_P20]

Characteristics Of Forest Products Using Satellite Data And Analysis Of Forest Changes In Hokkaido

K. Kitagawa ¹, S. Mihara ¹, R. Uematsu ¹, T. Nonaka ¹, T. Asaka ¹ (¹ Nihon University, Japan)

[WeLe_P21]

Understanding AWD Using Small SAR Satellites In Cambodia

T. Hirose ¹, A. Kimura ¹, K. Ida ¹, A. Koga ¹, Y. Tsuchiya ¹, R. Kawashima ¹ (¹ Pasco Corporation, Japan)

[WeLe P22]

Dual Polarimetric Decomposition For Wheat Monitoring Using C-band SAR Data

S. Jain ¹, U. Khati ¹, V. Kumar ², A. Bhattacharya ³ (¹ Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Indore, India, ² IHE Delft Institute for Water Education, The Netherlands, ³ Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Bombay)

[WeLe P23]

Accuracy Assessment Of Satellite-based Downscaling Soil Moisture Production In Ghana

T. Sakai ¹, N. Oka ¹, W. S. Maung ¹, P. Kpoebaya ², A. L. Abdulai ³, T. Iizumi ⁴, Y. Masaki ⁴, K. Oyoshi ⁵ (¹ Japan International Research Center for Agricultural Sciences (JIRCAS), Japan, ² University for Development Studies (UDS), Ghana,

³ Savanna Agricultural Research Institute (SARI), Ghana, ⁴ National Agriculture and Food Research Organization (NARO), Japan, ⁵ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[WeLe P24]

Spatiotemporal Multi-level Attention-based Sugarcane Identification Using Time-series SAR Imagery

H. Li ¹, Z. Wang ¹, L. Sun ¹, L. Zhao ¹, J. Wang ¹, X. Li ¹, P. Chen ¹, Y. Han ¹, J. Chen ¹ (¹ Chinese Academy of Sciences, China)

[WeLe_P25]

Understanding The Usage Status Of Agricultural Fields Using Time-Series Sentinel-1 Images And Field Polygon Data M. Haga ¹, R. Suzuki ¹, M. Yamashita ¹ (¹ Tokyo University of Agriculture and Technology, Japan)

[WeLe P26]

Evaluation Of Weed Variations In Paddy Rice Fields Using ALOS-2 PALSAR-2 Full Polarimetric Data Analysis C. Yonezawa ¹, A. Fukada ¹, K. Homma ¹, Y. Barajima ¹ (1 Tohoku University, Japan)

[WeLe_P27]

Examination Of Coastal Ecological Alteration Surrounding Cisadane River Estuary, Tangerang, Indonesia P. M. Afgatiani ^{1, 2}, A. G. Suhadha ^{2,3}, U. J. Wisha ^{1,2}, B. Vallianto ^{2, 4} (¹ University of the Ryukyus, Japan, ² National Research and Innovation Agency,Indonesia, ³ Tohoku University, Japan, 4 Yamaguchi University)

[WeLe_P28]

[WeLe_P29]

Multi-Source InSAR-based Deformation Reveals Accelerated Permafrost Degradation In The Qilian Mountains Of The Qinghai-Tibet Plateau

T. Chang¹ (¹ Tongji University, China)

[WeLe_P30]

Ryoichi Furuta

[WeLe_P31]

Evaluation Of Regional And Vegetation-dependent Differences In SAR-based Snow Depth Estimation: Accuracy And Improvement Method

H. Nagai ¹, Y. Iijima ², T. Abe ³ (¹ Rissho University, Japan, ² Tokyo Metropolitan University, Japan, ³ Mie University, Japan)

[WeLe P32]

Flood Mapping Using SAR Images And Building Location Data

Y. Katayama ¹, T. Oshima ¹ (¹ Mitsubishi Electric, Japan)

[WeLe P33]

Integration Of Local And Global Structural Information For Building Damage Assessment In Tsunami-affected Areas Using SAR Intensity Imagery

S. Nakano ¹, H. Gokon ¹ (¹Axelspace Corporation, Japan, ² Japan Advanced Institute of Science and Technology (JAIST), Japan)

[WeLe_P34]

[WeLe_P35]

Using Multi-source DEM Super-resolution For Improved Inundation Depth Estimation

S. Groth ¹, I. K. D. L. S. Jose ², M. Wieland ¹, Y. Zhu ^{3,4}, C. Geiß ¹, B. Adriano ², S. Martinis ¹ (¹ German Aerospace Center (DLR), Germany, ² Tohoku University, Japan, ³ ETH Z^{*}urich, Switzerland, ⁴ Singapore-ETH Centre, Singapore)

[WeLe_P36]

Examination Of Change Detection In Urban Area Using PolSAR By Changing The Basis

J. Lee ¹, J. Susaki ¹, Y. Ishii ¹, T. Oba ¹ (¹ Kyoto University, Japan)

[WeLe_P37]

Displacement Analysis Of Road-reinforced Slopes Via Consecutive DInSAR And 2.5D Analysis

T. Asaka ¹, T. Nonaka ¹ (¹ Nihon University, Japan)

[WeLe P38]

A Classification Method For Space-borne SAR Port Functional Areas Based On ResNet Model

Y. Pan ¹, H. Shen ², Y. Zhang ³, H. Zeng ¹, H. Wang ¹, W. Yang ¹, C. Li ¹, J. Chen ¹

(¹ Beihang University, China, ² Shanghai Institute of Satellite Engineering, China, ³ Mianyang Tianyi Space Technology Co., Ltd., China)

[WeLe P39]

Detecting Deformation Of Artificial Embankment Using InSAR Time Series Analysis Of Sentinel-1 Data, Example Of Kawasaki City, Kanagawa Prefecture, Japan

R. Doke ¹, T. Narumi ², M. Satomura ³, S. Ueda ³, T. Hara ⁴ (¹ Hirosaki University, Japan, ² Shimizu Corporation, Japan,

³ Nippo Co. Ltd., Japan, ⁴ Kawasaki City Urban Improvement Bureau, Japan)

[WeLe P40]

Application Of Persistent Scatter - Interferometric Synthetic Aperture Radar (PSInSAR) In Detecting Ground Motion Due To The Phase 1 Of The Metro Manila Subway Project

O. S. Locaba ¹, J. Refran ¹, R. Reyes ¹ (¹ Philippine Space Agency, Philippines)

Ryoichi Sato

[WeLe_P41]

Estimation Of Building Damage From The 2024 Noto Peninsula Earthquake By Combination Of Multi-wavelength SAR

T. Taguchi ¹, K. Honda ¹, N. Asada ¹, N. Mushiake ¹, Y. Imai ¹, T. Nishimura ¹, S. Mukoyama ¹ (¹ Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan)

[WeLe P42]

GNSS Positioning Environment Mapping For Autonomous Boats Using ALOS-2/PALSAR-2 Data

M. Nakagawa ¹, K. Noda ¹, T. Yamaguchi ¹, T. Nagaoka ¹, N. Kubo ², E. Shimizu ² (¹ Shibaura Institute of Technology, Japan, ² Tokyo University of Marine Science and Technology, Japan)

[WeLe_P43]

[WeLe P44]

Illegal Dumping Monitoring System Using Sentinel-1 Data And Anomaly Detection

E. Matsui ^{1,2,3}, Y. Nagai ^{1,2,3}, T. Hata ^{1,2,3}, B. Carcellar ^{1,2,3}, K. Vaibhav ^{1,2,3}, T. Tsurumi ^{1,2,3}, Y. Hayashi ^{1,2,3} (¹ New Space Intelligence.Inc, Japan, ² EVERYPLAN Co., Ltd., Japan, ³ Trust Software Co. Japan)

[WeLe_P45]

[WeLe_P46]

Modified PCA For Low Altitude Drone-based Stripmap SAR

P. Vasudev ¹, A. Sharma ¹, S. Nadaf ¹, D. Chawda ¹, R. Rajaraman ², S. K. Patra ^{2, 3} (¹ GalaxEye Space Solution Pvt. Ltd., India, ² Indian Space Research Organization, India, ³ Defence Research & Development Organization (ORDO), India)

[WeLe P47]

Drone-based Reconfigurable Active-phased-array Multi-mode SAR: Preliminary Results

C. Wang ^{1,2,3}, Y. Luo ^{2,3}, Y. Tang ^{1,2,3}, Y. Zhao ², J. Ning ^{1,2,3}, P. Yu, ^{1,2,3}, S. Guan ^{1,2,3} (¹ International Research Center of Big Data for Sustainable Development Goals, China, ² Chinese Academy of Sciences, China, ³ University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China)

[WeLe P48]

A Stepwise-regression-based Finite Mixture Model For The Statistical Distribution Characteristics Of Multi-Aspect SAR

R. Zhu ^{1,2}, F.Teng ¹, W. Hong ¹ (¹ Chinese Academy of Sciences, China, ² University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China)

[WeLe P49]

Development Of Polarimetric Millimeter-wave GB-SAR

T. Moriyama ¹, K. Yamashiro ¹ (¹ Nagasaki University, Japan)

[WeLe P50]

Daily Oscillation Artefacts In Ground-based SAR Interferometry: Real-time Correction Using Weather Station Data

F. Nurzaman ¹, Y. Izumi ¹, G. Nico ², K. Ota ¹, M. Dong ¹, K. Urano ¹ (¹ Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan,

² Italy's National Research Council, Institute for Applied Mathematics "M. Picone", Italy)

Takuma Watanabe

[WeLe_P51]

Preliminary Result Of Coherent Change Detection Using Millimeter-wave GB-SAR

K. Yamashiro ¹, T. Moriyama ¹ (¹ Nagasaki University, Japan)

[WeLe P52]

A Novel Dual-band Dual-polarization Filtenna Array For Synthetic Aperture Radar Applications

S. Lai ¹, J. T. S. Sumantyo ², S. Gao¹ (¹ The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of China, ² Chiba University, Japan)

[WeLe_P53]

Self Calibrated Radar Architecture RADAR For FMCW SAR Applications

A. Kumar ¹, S. S. Kulkarni ¹, S. Biswas ¹, R. Gupta ¹, Princy M T ¹, D. Chawda ¹ (¹ GalaxEye Space Pvt. Ptd., India)

[WeLe P54]

Enhancing Antenna Isolation In X-band FMCW SAR With A Wideband FSS Absorber

S. Biswas ¹, S. S. Kulkarni ¹, A. Kumar ¹, R. Gupta ¹, Princy M T ¹, S. Christopher ^{2,3} (¹ GalaxEye Space Pvt. Ptd., India, ² IIT Madras, India, ³ Defence Research and Development Organization, India)

[WeLe_P55]

Exterior Wall Inspection Using Millimeter-Wave Radar: A Bandwidth-Efficient Approach With Deconvolution

S. Shoda ¹, R. Ma ¹, L. Yi ¹ (1 Ibaraki University, Japan)

[WeLe_P56]

Experimental Study On Inverse Synthetic Aperture Radar Imaging Using Millimeter-Wave 1D-MIMO Radar

K. Kawajiri ¹, T. Oshima ¹ (¹ Mitsubishi Electric Corporation, Japan)

[WeLe_P57]

Design And Implementation Of High Resolution MMW-Radar 3D Imaging System

L. Zhang ¹, Z. Li ¹, Z. Liu ¹, H. An ¹, J. Wu ¹, J. Yang ¹ (¹ University Of Electronic Science And Technology Of China, China)

[WeLe P58]

Missing Baseline Recovery Method For Multistatic 3D Imaging Based On Hankel Matrix

C. Wang ¹, Y. Hai ¹, W. Pu ¹, Z. Li ¹, J. Yang ¹ (¹ University Of Electronic Science And Technology Of China, China)

[WeLe_P59]

Phase-Encoded Intelligent Metasurfaces For Multi-Pulse Staring Imaging Using ISTA

L. Lyu ¹, Y. Hai ¹, J. Wu ¹, W. Pu ¹, S. Chen ², Q. Cheng ² (¹University Of Electronic Science And Technology Of China, China, ² Southeast University, China)

[WeLe_P60]

Effective Super Resolution For SAR Imagery: Al-driven Models With Physically Consistent Degradation

A. Centazzo ¹, A. Quattrini ¹, A. Peternier ¹, M. Papandrea ¹, M. Galimberti ¹, P. Pasquali ¹, T. Leidi ¹ (¹ sarmap SA, Italy)

[WeLe_P61]

[WeLe P62]

Multi-frequency SAR For Change Detection Analysis In High Resolution Polarimetric Images

F. Brigui ^{1, 2, 3}, X. Dupuis ^{1, 2, 3}, R´. Guinvarc'h ³, L. Thirion ³ (¹ ONERA, France, ² University Paris-Saclay France, ³ SONDRA France)

[WeLe_P63]

Investigation On Crack Detection Of Metallic Plate For Periodic Grating In Dispersive Medium By Using Electromagnetic Imaging

Y. Masuda ¹, R. Ozaki ¹, T. Yamasaki ¹ (¹ Nihon University, Japan)

[WeLe_P64]

Towards Realization Of Phase-accurate SAR Simulation: Investigation Of Relationship Between Ray Tracing Resolution And Speckle Characteristics

R. Kudo ¹, S. Fukuda ² (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan, ² Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA), Japan)

[WeLe P65]

A Study On ISAR Images And Near-field To Far-field Transformation Using Ray Tracing Method Combined With Physical Optics

Y. Tada ¹, G. S. Ching ¹, R. Furukawa ¹, K.Horihata ¹, (¹ Kozo Keikaku Engineering.Inc, Japan)

[WeLe P66]

Simulation And Performance Analysis Of An Airborne S-Band Single-Pass SAR Tomography System

M. Eitel ¹, F. Sica ¹, M. Schmitt ¹ (¹ University of the Bundeswehr Munich, Germany)

[WeLe P67]

Investigating The Relationships Between L/C-band InSAR Temporal Decorrelation And Daily Precipitation Over Several Bare Soil Types

Y. Endo ¹, Y. Morishita ¹, R. Sugimoto ¹, R. Natsuaki ², M. Shimada ³, C. Tsutsumi ¹, T. Kouyama ¹, R. Nakamura ¹

(1 National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST), Japan, 2 The University of Tokyo, Japan,

³ Sigma-SAR LLC & Tokyo Denki University, Japan)

[WeLe P68]

Settlement Detection In Power Transmission Corridors Using Deep Learning And Satellite-based InSAR

L. Zou ^{1,2,3}, C. Wang ^{1,2,3}, G. Guan ^{1,2,3}, Y. Tang ^{1,2}, P. Yu ^{1,2,3}, J. Ning ^{1,2,3} (¹ Chinese Academy of Sciences, China,

² International Research Center of Big Data for Sustainable Development Goals, China, ³ University of Chinese Academy of Sciences)

[WeLe P69]

Slope-correlated Bias In Mean Velocity Field Derived From L-band InSAR Time-series

S. Nagaoka ¹, Y. Takada ¹ (¹ Hokkaido University, Japan)

[WeLe P70]

An Approach To Water Pipeline Damage Estimation Using Interferometric SAR: A Case Study From The 2024 Noto Peninsula Earthquake

K. Karimai ¹, W. Liu ¹, Y. Maruyama ¹ (¹ Chiba University, Japan)

Motofumi Arii

[WeLe_P71]

Land Subsidence Measurement By PSInSAR Analysis Using Sentinel-1 And ALOS-2 SAR Data Over Eight Years In The Northern Region Of Chiba Prefecture, Japan

H. Abo ^{1,2}, T. Osawa ^{2,3} (¹ Tokyo Electric Power Services, Japan, ² Yamaguchi University, ³ Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency (JAXA))

[WeLe_P72]

Three-dimensional Interferometric SAR Time-series Analysis With Acceleration-aware Estimation

R. Nakamura ¹, A. Hirose ¹, R. Natsuaki ¹ (¹ The University of Tokyo, Japan)

[WeLe_P73]

Response Of Permafrost Active Layer Thickness And Seasonal Surface Deformation To Wildfire In Pan-Arctic Q. Liu ¹, Y. Yi ¹, T. Chang ¹, H. Jiang ¹ (¹ Tongji University, China)

[WeLe_P74]

[WeLe_P75]

Fundamental Study On Oriented Built-up Area Detection Using Polarimetric Correlation Coefficient

A. Nagai ¹, R. Sato ¹, T. Moriyama ², H. Yamada ¹, Y. Yamaguchi ¹, Y. Arima ³, R. Sugimoto ³, T. Kouyama ³,

C. Tsutsumi ³, R. Nakamura ³ (¹ Niigata University, Japan, ² Nagasaki University, Japan, ³ National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Japan)

[WeLe_P76]

A Hierarchical Framework For Multi-class Change Detection Of Polarimetric SAR Data

M. Kim ¹, S.-E. Park ¹ (¹ Sejong University, Republic of Korea)

[WeLe_P77]

Quantitative Study On The Effect Of Random Dihedral Component On Scattering Power Decomposition Performance C. Kobayashi ¹, H. Yamada ¹, R. Sato ¹ (¹ Niigata University, Japan)

[WeLe_P78]

Salt Crust Classification Of Qarhan Salt Lake Based On Polarimetric Feature Reconstruction And Optimization

F. Dong ^{1,2}, Q. Yin ³, Y. Zhao ^{1,2}, W. Hong ¹ (¹ Chinese Academy of Sciences, China, ² University of Chinese Academy of Sciences China, ³ Beijing University of Chemical Technology, China)

[WeLe_P79]

Corn Growth Monitoring Using L-Band Co- And Compact-Polarimetric Complex Coherence

J. Luo ¹, J. M. Lopez-Sanchez ², I. Hajnsek ^{3,4}, N. Bao ¹ (¹ Northeastern University, China, ² University of Alicante, Spain, ³ ETH Zurich, Switzerland, ⁴ German Aerospace Center (DLR), Germany)

[WeLe_P80]

Fundamental Study On Change Detection Based On Comparison Between Damaged And Undamaged Areas Using

H. Takahashi ¹, H. Yamada ¹, R. Sato ¹ (¹ Niigata University, Japan)

Takashi Shibayama

[WeLe_P81]

Multitemporal PolSAR Change Detection Based On Stochastic Distances Under The Complex Wishart Distribution

S. Xie ¹, J. Yin ¹, J. Yang ² (¹ University Of Science And Technology Beijing, China,

² Tsinghua University)

[WeLe P82]

Anti-jamming Strategy Design Based On D3QN For Pulse Waveform Agile SAR

X. Kong ¹, C. Zhang ¹, R. Ran ¹, C. Wang ¹, H. An ¹, H. Yang ¹, Z. Li ¹, J. Wu ¹, J. Yang ¹ (¹ University Of Electronic Science And Technology Of China, China)

[WeLe_P83]

On Class Imbalance In SAR Foundation Models For Semantic Segmentation

A. Caglayan ¹, N. Imamoglu ¹, T. Kouyama ¹ (¹ National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science And Technology (AIST), Japan)

[WeLe P84]

An Unsupervised Learning-Based Waveform Optimization Scheme For SAR Against Combined Interference

M. Shen ^{1,2}, K. Huang ¹, W. Wang ¹, M. Lou ¹, M. Zhong ¹, H. An ¹, J. Wu ¹, H. Yang ¹, J. Yang ¹ (¹ University of Electronic Science and Technology of China, China, ² East China Research Institute of Electronic Engineering, China)

[WeLe P85]

Automatic Detection Of Tectonic Surface Deformation In InSAR Unwrapped Maps Using Deep Learning

Y. Li ¹, T. Sagiya ¹ (¹ Nagoya University, Japan)

[WeLe_P86]

Optical-SAR Image Registration Based On Self-supervision And Cross-domain Dynamic Uncertainty Mechanism

C. He ¹, L. Liu ¹, W. Liu ¹, F. Bi ¹ (¹ North China University of Technology, China)

[WeLe_P87]

Masked Siamese Autoencoder Using Multi-frequency SAR Data

R. Sugimoto ¹, C. Tsutsumi ¹, T. Kouyama ¹ (¹ National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science And Technology, Japan)

[WeLe_P88]

Power Tower Detection Method For SAR Images Based On Deep Leaning

C. Jiang ^{1,2,3}, C. Wang ^{1,2,3} (¹ Chinese Academy Of Sciences, China, ² China International Research Center of Big Data For Sustainable Development Goals, China, ³ University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China)

[WeLe_P89]

Utilization Of Time-series SAR Data For Detecting Disaster Affected Area Using ML Techniques

V. Katiyar ¹, T. Eguchi ¹, A. Bormudoi ¹, M. Nagai ¹ (¹ Yamaguchi University, Japan)

[WeLe P90]

Region-Guided Registration Method For High-Resolution Lunar Optical And SAR Images

Y. Cao ^{1,2}, H. Tan ¹, S. Li ^{1,2} (¹ Technology and Engineering Center For Space Utilization, China, ¹ University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, China)

[WeLe P91]

Multi-resolution Polarimetric Feature Image Fusion Algorithm For Multi-band Polarimetric SAR System

M. Jiang ¹, Y. Hai ¹, Z. Li ¹, J. Yang ¹ (¹ University of Electronic Science And Technology of China, China)

XI. Author Index

Α			С			D			
Abdula	A. L.	WeLe_P23	Caglayan	Α.	WeLe_P83	D'Alessar	ndro	M. M.	WeSh1_03
Abe	T.	WeLe_P31	Cahyana	D.	WeLe_P19	D'Alessar	ndro	M. M.	Thlc1_03
Abe	Y.	MoMh1_02	Carcellar	B.	WeLe_P44	Das	A.		WeMh1_04
Abo	H.	WeLe_P71	Cao	W.	WeSh1_04	Datcu	M.		TuMh1_02
Aditiya	A.	MoMh1_01	Cao	Y.	WeLe_P90	Date	K.		WeLe_P06
Adriano	B.	WeLe_P35	Cao	Z.	ThSh1_04	de Almeio	la V.F.		TuSh1_04
Afgatiani	P. M.	WeLe_P27	Centazzo	Α.	WeLe_P60	Declaro	A. B.		WeLe_P09
Agustan	A.	MoMh1_01	Chang	CS.	ThSh1_02	Doke	R.		WeLe_P39
Akiyama	N.	Welc3_01	Chang	KJ.	WeLe_P13	Dong	F.		WeLe_P78
Albrecht	L.	Molc1_01	Chang	T.	WeLe_P29	Dong	M.		Welc3_03
An	H.	WeLe_P57	Chang	T.	WeLe_P73	Dong	M.		WeLe_P19
An	H.	WeLe_P82	Chang	W.	Molc1_04	Dong	M.		WeLe_P50
An	H.	WeLe_P84	Chang	WY.	ThMh1_01	Dupuis	X.		WeLe_P62
An	S.	Tulc1_03	Chawda	D.	TuSh2_01				
Ao	M.	WeSh3_03	Chawda	D.	WeLe_P46	Е			
Ao	M.	ThSh1_03	Chawda	D.	WeLe_P53	Eguchi	T.		WeLe_P89
Ao	W.	Tulc2_01	Chelariu	S. A.	Molc1_03	Eitel	M.		WeLe_P66
Arie	K.	Welc2_01	Chen	CY.	TuMh2_03	Endo	R.		WeLe_P03
Arima	Y.	WeLe_P75	Chen	CY.	WeLe_P05	Endo	Y.		WeLe_P67
Asada	N.	WeLe_P41	Chen	G.	Molc1_04				
Asaka	T.	WeLe_P20	Chen	J.	Tulc1_01	F			
Asaka	T.	WeLe_P37	Chen	J.	WeLe_P38	Fu	X.		MoSh1_03
Au	SY.	WeLe_P05	Chen	J.	WeMh1_02	Fujimaru			WeSh1_03
			Chen	J.	WeLe_P24	Fujiwara			KT-06
			Chen	KS.	WeMh1_02	Fukada	A.		WeLe_P26
В			Chen	KS.	Welc2_03	Fukuda	S.		WeLe_P64
Bachman	ın M.	Molc1_01	Chen	KS.	ThMh1_01	Fukushim			MoMh1_03
Baier	G.	Molc1_03	Chen	L.	WeLe_P08	Furukawa			WeLe_P65
Baier	G.	WeSh1_03	Chen	P.	WeLe_P24	Furuta	R.		Welc2_02
Baier	G.	Thlc1_03	Chen	RF.	ThSh1_02	Furuya	M.		ThSh1_04
Bao	N.	WeLe_P79	Chen	RF.	WeLe_P05	ruruyu			
Barajima	Y.	WeLe_P26	Chen	RF.	WeLe_P13	G			
Bhattacha	arya A.	KT-03	Chen	S.	WeLe_P59		. N.4		Wal a Doo
Bhattacha	arya A.	TuMh1_02	Chen	TT.	WeLe_P13	Galimber			WeLe_P60
Bhattacha	arya A.	WeLe_P22	Chen	WC.	WeLe_P13	Gao	S.		WeLe_P52
Bi	F.	WeLe_P86	Chen	YC.	TuMh2_03	Geiß	C.		WeLe_P35
Biswas	S.	WeLe_P53	Cheng	Q.	WeLe_P59	Gocho	M.		Welc1_02
Biswas	S.	WeLe_P54	Chi	CY.	ThSh1_02	Gokon	H.		WeLe_P33
Bordoni	F.	Molc1_03	Chiang	CY.	ThMh1_01	Groth	S.		WeLe_P35
Bormudo	i A.	WeLe_P89	Ching	G. S.	WeLe_P65	Guan	G.		WeLe_P68
Brigui	F.	WeLe_P62	Ching	KE.	WeLe_P01	Guan	S.		WeLe_P47
Buckreus	ss S.	Molc1_01	Christoph	er S.	WeLe_P54	Guinvarc'			WeLe_P62
Busche	T.	Molc1_01	Chuang	R. Y.	WeLe_P01	Guo	Y.		WeLe_P11
			Chuang	R. Y.	WeLe_P08	Gupta	R.		WeLe_P53
						Gupta	R.		WeLe_P54

M. Y. Y. Y. Y. I. I. N. B. Y. S.	WeLe_P25 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P59 WeLe_P91 Molc1_01 WeLe_P79 Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24 Tulc1_03	Imaizumi Imamoglu Imamura Inaba Ishigaki Ishii Ishii Ishii Ishii Ishii	N. K. R. Y. Y. Y.	ThIc1_03 WeLe_P83 WeMh2_03 Welc2_02 WeSh2_02 WeSh1_01 ThMh1_04 WeLe_P12	Kaneoka M. Kankaku Y. Kankaku Y. Kankaku Y. Karimai K. Katayama Y. Katiyar V. Kawajiri K.	Molc1_02 KT-05 WeMh2_02 WeMh3_04 WeLe_P70 WeLe_P32 WeLe_P89
Y. Y. Y. Y. I. I. N. B. Y. S.	WeSh2_03 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P59 WeLe_P91 Molc1_01 WeLe_P79 Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24	Imamura Inaba Ishigaki Ishii Ishii Ishii Ishii	K. R. R. Y. Y. Y.	Welc2_02 WeSh2_02 WeSh1_01 ThMh1_04 WeLe_P12	Kankaku Y. Karimai K. Katayama Y. Katiyar V.	WeMh3_04 WeLe_P70 WeLe_P32
Y. Y. Y. I. I. N. B. Y. S.	WeLe_P58 WeLe_P59 WeLe_P91 Molc1_01 WeLe_P79 Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24	Ishigaki Ishii Ishii Ishii Ishii	R. Y. Y. Y. Y.	WeSh2_02 WeSh1_01 ThMh1_04 WeLe_P12	Kankaku Y. Karimai K. Katayama Y. Katiyar V.	WeMh3_04 WeLe_P70 WeLe_P32
Y. Y. I. I. N. B. Y. S.	WeLe_P59 WeLe_P91 Molc1_01 WeLe_P79 Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24	Ishii Ishii Ishii Ishii Ishimaru	Y. Y. Y. Y.	WeSh1_01 ThMh1_04 WeLe_P12	Katayama Y. Katiyar V.	WeLe_P32
Y. I. I. N. B. Y. S.	WeLe_P91 Molc1_01 WeLe_P79 Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24	Ishii Ishii Ishii Ishimaru	Y. Y. Y.	ThMh1_04 WeLe_P12	Katiyar V.	
I. I. N. B. Y. S.	Molc1_01 WeLe_P79 Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24	Ishii Ishii Ishimaru	Y. Y. Y.	WeLe_P12		WeLe_P89
I. N. B. Y. S. T.	WeLe_P79 Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24	Ishii Ishimaru	Y.		Kawaiiri K	
N. B. Y. S. T.	Welc3_03 Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24	Ishimaru	Y.			WeLe_P56
B. Y. S. T.	Tulc1_02 WeLe_P24		S.	WeLe_P36	Kawakita S.	WeMh3_03
Y. S. T.	WeLe_P24			ThSh1_01	Kawamura S.	WeSh2_02
S. T.			M.	WeLe_P16	Kawamura S.	Welc3_02
Т.	Tulc1_03	Ishitsuka		WeSh1_02	Kawarai T.	Welc3_04
		Isoguchi		WeMh3_01	Kawashima R.	WeLe_P21
N //	WeLe_P39	Isoguchi		WeMh3_03	Khati U.	WeMh1_04
M.	WeMh1_03	Ito	D.	WeLe_P19	Khati U.	WeLe_P17
Y.	TuMh1_04	Ito	K.	WeMh2_01	Khati U.	WeLe_P22
T.	WeLe_P44	Ito	K.	WeMh3_02	Kidera S.	Welc3_01
A.	WeLe_P16			_		Tulc1_03
Y.	WeLe_P44					WeSh2_01
C.	WeLe_P86				•	Tulc1_03
J.	Molc1_04			_		Tulc1_03
u Y.	WeLe_P02					TuSh1_03
u Y.	WeLe_P16					ThMh1_03
N.	WeMh2_03			_		Tulc1_03
H.	WeMh3_03					WeMh1_01
R.	WeLe_P04			_		Tulc1_03
S.	WeMh2_03					WeLe_P76
A.	MoSh1_01					
A.	MoSh1_02	ızumı	T.	wele_F50		WeLe_P21
A.	TuMh1_04					WeLe_P04
A.	WeSh1_03	J				MoMh1_04
A.	_	Jain	S.	WeLe_P22		WeSh3_02
A.		Jang	J.	ThMh1_03		WeLe_P12
A.		Jeon	Y. B.	Tulc1_03	_	WeLe_P20
Т.		Ji	G. W.	Tulc1_03		Welc1_02
K.		Jiang	C.	WeLe_P88		WeSh1_02
K.	_	Jiang	H.	WeLe_P73		WeLe_P23
W.		Jiang	M.	WeLe_P91		WeLe_P77
W.		Jiang	Z.	WeSh2_03		WeMh3_01
		Jin	T.	Tulc1_01		WeMh3_04
	_	Jose	I. K. D. L. S.	WeLe_P35	-	WeSh3_04
	_	Jumonji	N.	Welc2_02	Kobayashi T.	WeLe_P02
		Jung	Y.	ThMh1_03	Kobayashi T.	WeLe_P16
					Koga A.	WeLe_P21
					Koike K.	KT-01
		K			Komuro M.	Welc3_04
			M -H	TuSh1 01	Kondo S.	WeMh2_01
J.	WOSITI_03				Kong Y.	Molc1_04
					Kong X.	WeLe_P82
					Kononov A.	TuSh1_03
K.	Welc2_02				Kontto M.	Thlc1_03
M.	WeLe_P16				Kouyama T.	MoSh1_03
K.	WeLe_P21				Kouyama T.	WeLe_P67
Y.	WeLe_P31				Kouyama T.	WeLe_P75
Y.	WeLe_P41					
\CJUUN	Y. C. J. Y. J. Y. N. H. R. S. A.	Y. WeLe_P44 C. WeLe_P86 J. Molc1_04 M. WeLe_P02 M. WeLe_P16 N. WeMh2_03 H. WeMh3_03 R. WeLe_P04 S. WeMh2_03 A. MoSh1_01 A. MoSh1_02 A. TuMh1_04 A. WeSh1_03 A. WeSh1_04 A. Welc1_01 A. Welc1_01 A. Welc2_P21 K. Wele_P21 K. Wele_P41 N. Tulc1_02 N. Wele_P48 N. Wele_P78 K. Wele_P78 K. Wele_P84 NC. Wesh3_01 J. Tulc2_01 J. MoSh1_03 K. Wele_P16 K. Wele_P16 K. Wele_P21 W. Wele_P21 W. Wele_P21 W. Wele_P21	WeLe_P44		Modern M	

Kouyama	т	WeLe_P83	Liu	Q.		WeLe_P73			
Kouyama		WeLe_P87	Liu	S.		ThSh1_03	N		
Koyama		WeMh3_04	Liu	W.		WeLe_P86	Nadaf S.		TuSh2_01
	T.	Molc1_01	Liu	Υ.		Molc1_04	Nadaf S.		WeLe_P46
	G.	Molc1_03	Liu	Z.		WeLe_P57	Nagai A.		WeLe_P75
•	CS.	ThMh1_01	Locaba	O. S.		WeLe_P40	Nagai H.		WeLe_P31
	N.	WeLe_P42	Lopez-Sa		J. M.	WeLe_P79	Nagai M.		WeLe_P89
	R.	WeLe_P64	Lou	M.	O. IVI.	WeLe_P84	Nagai Y.		WeLe_P44
	S. S.	WeLe_P53		Y.		MoSh1_04	Nagaoka S.		WeLe_P69
	S. S.	WeLe_P53	Lu	J.		WeSh3_03	Nagaoka T.		WeLe_P42
		_	Luo			_	Nagata T.		WeSh1_02
	A.	WeLe_P53	Luo	J.		ThSh1_03	Nakagawa	M.	WeLe_P42
	A.	WeLe_P54	Luo	J.		WeLe_P79	Nakamura	R	MoSh1_03
	S.	WeMh1_04	Luo	Υ.		WeLe_P47	Nakamura	R	WeLe_P67
	V.	WeLe_P22	Lyu	L.		WeLe_P59	Nakamura	R	WeLe_P75
	CY.	WeLe_P05					Nakamura	R	WeLe_P72
Kurihara	Α.	WeLe_P12	D. //				Nakamura	S.	WeMh2_01
			M				Nakamura	T.	Welc1_02
			Ma	G.		MoSh1_04	Nakano S.		WeLe_P33
L			Ma	R.		WeLe_P55	Nakashima	M.	WeLe_P16
Lachaise		Molc1_01	Majozi	N.		WeLe_P61	Nakakita E.	IVI.	KT-02
	S.	WeLe_P52	Mariotti	M.		Molc1_03	Naruke H.		WeLe_P09
	D.	Tulc1_03	Martinis	S.		WeLe_P35	Narumi T.		WeLe_P39
	H.	Tulc1_03	Maruyam	na	Y.	WeLe_P70	Narusue Y.		Thlc1_02
Lee	H.	WeSh2_01	Masaki	Y.		WeLe_P23	Nasahara K. (N.)		WeMh2_03
Lee	J.	WeLe_P36	Masuda	Y.		WeLe_P63	Natsuaki R		Molc1_02
Lee	Y.	WeMh1_01	Matsui	E.		WeLe_P44			MoSh1_02
Leena	C.	WeMh1_04	Matsumo	oto	Y.	WeLe_P04	Natsuaki R		
Leidi	T.	WeLe_P60	Matsuoka	а М.		WeLe_P07	Natsuaki R		TuMh1_04
Li	C.	WeLe_P06	Maung	W. S.		WeLe_P23	Natsuaki R		WeSh1_03
Li	C.	WeLe_P38	Mesuda	H.		WeLe_P15	Natsuaki R		WeSh1_04
Li	H.	WeLe_P24	Meyer	F. J		WeLe_P34	Natsuaki R		Welc1_01
Li	S.	Molc1	Mihara	S.		WeLe_P20	Natsuaki R		Thlc1_02
Li	S.	Molc1_04	Miyashita	a T.		MoSh1_02	Natsuaki R		WeLe_P67
Li	S.	WeLe_P90	Miyazaki	Y.		WeLe_P12	Natsuaki R		WeLe_P72
Li	X.	WeLe_P24	Moreira	A.		Molc1_01	Nico G.		WeLe_P50
Li	Y.	WeLe_P85	Moreira	A.		Molc1_03	Ning J.		WeLe_P47
Li	Z.	TuSh2_03	Morikawa	a H.		Thlc1_02	Ning J.		WeLe_P68
Li	Z.	Tulc2_01	Morishita	ι Y.		Tulc2_03	Nishibori T.		WeMh1_03
Li	Z.	WeSh2_03	Morishita	ι Y.		WeSh1_03	Nishimura T.		WeLe_P41
Li	Z.	WeLe_P57	Morishita	ι Y.		WeLe_P67	Noda K.		WeLe_P42
Li	Z.	WeLe_P58	Moriyama	а Т.		WeLe_P49	Nomura N.		Welc1_02
Li	Z.	WeLe_P82	Moriyama	а Т.		WeLe_P51	Nonaka T.		WeLe_P20
Li	Z.	WeLe_P91	Moriyama			WeLe_P75	Nonaka T.		WeLe_P37
Lin	EJ.	WeLe_P05	Moroi	Y.		Thlc1_02	Novresiandi	D. A.	WeLe_P19
Lin	GW.	WeLe_P05	Motohka			_ WeMh2_01	Nozawa K.		Thlc1_03
Lin	SH.	WeSh3_01	Motohka			WeMh3_02	Nurzaman	F.	WeSh2_02
Lin	TL.	WeLe_P13	Motoki	T.		WeMh3_03	Nurzaman	F.	Welc3_02
	Y. N.	_ TuMh2_03	Motomur			ThMh1_02	Nurzaman	F.	Welc3_03
	W.	WeSh1_02	Mukoyan		S.	WeLe_P41	Nurzaman	F.	WeLe_P50
	W.	WeLe_P11	Munekan		Н.	WeSh3_04			
	W.	WeLe_P70	Munekan		н.	WeLe_P02			
	G.	ThSh1_03	Murota	K.		MoMh1_02			
	Н.	Tulc1_02	Mushiake			WeLe_P41			
	L.	Tulc1_02	wwwillakt	J 14.		**GLG_F41			
	L.	WeLe_P86							
Liu									

						Shoda	S.	WeLe_P55
0			Q			Shuku	T.	WeLe_P06
Oba	T.	WeSh1_01	Quattrini	A.	WeLe_P60	Sica	F.	WeLe_P66
Oba	T.	ThMh1_04				Siripratha		WeSh1_01
Oba	T.	WeLe_P12	R			Sobue	S.	WeLe_P18
Oba	T.	WeLe_P36		. D	TuCho of	Song	J.	Tulc1_03
Obata	T.	Molc1_03	Rajarama		TuSh2_01	Song	Υ.	TuSh2_03
Ochi	T.	WeSh3_02	Rajarama		WeLe_P46	Souza	R.	WeMh3_04
Oguchi	L. H.	WeSh1_03	Ran	R.	WeLe_P82	Sugawara		WeMh1_03
Ogushi	F.	ThMh1_02	Refran	J.	WeLe_P40	Sugimoto		TuMh1_04
Ogushi	F.	WeLe_P07	Ren	L.	Welc1_03	Sugimoto		WeLe_P67
Oh	HU.	TuSh1_02	Reyes	R.	WeLe_P40	Sugimoto		WeLe_P75
Ohgushi	F.	WeMh2_03	Rosenqv	ist A.	WeMh3_01	Sugimoto		WeLe_P87
Ohki	M.	Tulc2_02				Suhadha		WeLe_P27
Ohki	M.	WeMh3_02	S			Sumanty		TuMh2_02
Ohki	M.	WeMh3_03	Sabir	A.	WeMh1_04	Sumanty		WeLe_P52
Ohki	M.	WeMh3_04	Sabir	A.	WeLe_P17	Sun	L.	WeLe_P32
Oishi	N.	Welc1_02	Sagiya	Т.	WeLe_P08			_
Oka	N.	WeLe_P23	Sagiya	т.	WeLe_P85	Sun	Υ.	ThSh1_03
Omori	N.	Welc2_02	Sakai	т.	WeLe_P23	Susaki	J.	WeSh1_01
Onodera	N.	Molc1_03	Sasagaw		WeLe_P03	Susaki	J.	ThMh1_04
Orzel	K.	Thlc1_03	Sasaki	O.	WeLe_P09	Susaki	J.	WeLe_P12
Osawa	T.	WeLe_P71	Satake	R.	WeMh2_03	Susaki	J.	WeLe_P36
Oshima	T.	WeLe_P32	Sato	M.	KT-04	Suzuki	R.	Welc1_01
Oshima	T.	WeLe_P56	Sato	M.	Welc3_02	Suzuki	R.	WeLe_P25
Ota	K.	Welc3_03	Sato	R.	WeLe_P75			
Ota	K.	WeLe_P19	Sato	R.	WeLe_P77			
Ota	K.	WeLe_P50	Sato	R.	WeLe_P80	—		
Ota	S.	WeMh2_01	Satomura		WeLe_P39	T		
Oyoshi	K.	WeLe_P23	Saito	Н.	Molc1_02	_	Т.	WeLe_P41
Ozaki	R.	WeLe_P63	Sakurai	R.	MoMh1_04	Tai	Y.	TuMh2_01
Ozawa	S.	WeMh1_03	Sartika			Takahash		WeLe_P80
			Schmitt	S. M.	Welc3_03 WeLe_P66	Tan	H.	WeLe_P90
			Shao	Z.	_	Tan	J. X.	WeLe_P06
_					WeSh2_03	Tanahash		Welc2_02
P			Sharma	A.	WeLe_P46	Tanamac		Welc2_02
Pan	X.	ThSh1_03	Shen	Н.	Tulc1_01	Tantianup		WeMh2_03
Pan	Y.	WeLe_P38	Shen	H.	WeLe_P38	Tada	Y.	WeLe_P65
Papandre	ea M.	WeLe_P60	Shen	M.	WeLe_P84	Tadono	T.	Tulc2_02
Park	SE.	WeLe_P76	Shen	W.	Tulc1_02	Tadono	T.	WeMh2_03
Park	TY.	TuSh1_02	Shibata	M.	WeMh2_01	Tadono	T.	Welc2_01
Pasquali	P.	WeLe_P60	Shigemit		Tulc2_02	Tadono	T.	WeMh3_01
Pathier	E.	WeLe_P01	Shigemit		WeMh3_02	Tadono	T.	WeMh3_02
Patra	S. K.	TuSh2_01	Shigemit		WeSh1_02	Tadono	T.	WeMh3_03
Patra	S. K.	WeLe_P46	Shih	TY.	TuMh2_03	Tadono	T.	WeMh3_04
Peng	CX.	WeLe_P13	Shimada		WeMh3_04	Tadono	T.	ThSh1_01
Peternier	r A.	WeLe_P60	Shimada		WeLe_P15	Takada	Y.	WeLe_P69
Prats-Irac	ola P.	TuSh1_04	Shimada		WeLe_P67	Tamura	R.	WeMh1_03
Princy	MT	WeLe_P53	Shimizu		WeLe_P42	Tanaka	M.	WeLe_P16
Princy	МТ	WeLe_P54	Shimotsu		WeSh3_02	Tang	Y.	WeLe_P47
Pu	W.	TuSh2_03	Shin	HS.	WeMh1_01	Tang	Y.	WeLe_P68
Pu	W.	WeLe_P58	Shintani	Y.	Thlc1_01	Tate	D.	WeMh1_03
	147	14/ I DEO				Tena	F	Wala P48

Pu

Putra

Pyne

W.

В.

D. B

WeLe_P59

WeSh2_02

Molc1_03

Molc1_03 65

WeLe_P48

TuMh2_03

WeLe_P62

F.

D.

T.-A.

Teng

Teo

Thirion

Thois

Tonoyam	ıa S.	TuSh2_02	Wei	L.	ThSh1_03	Yang	J.	WeLe_P84
Tsai	F.	TuMh2_01	Wei	H.	Welc1_0	Yang	J.	WeLe_P91
Tsuchiya	H.	Tulc1_04	Wessel	B.	Molc1_01	Yang	W.	MoSh1_04
Tsuchiya	Y.	WeLe_P21	Widodo	J.	WeSh2_02	Yang	W.	Tulc1_01
Tsuruga	M.	Welc3_03	Widodo	J.	Welc3_03	Yang	W.	WeLe_P38
Tsurumi	T.	WeLe_P44	Widodo	J.	WeLe_P18	Yang	Y.	Welc2_03
Tsutsumi	C.	WeLe_P67	Wieland	M.	WeLe_P35	Yao	X.	Welc1_04
Tsutsumi	C.	WeLe_P75	Wisha	U. J.	WeLe_P27	Yasui	S.	ThMh1_02
Tsutsumi	C.	WeLe_P87	Wu	D.	Welc1_03	Yen	JJ.	WeLe_P13
Tung	H.	TuMh2_03	Wu	J.	TuSh2_03	Yi	L.	WeLe_P55
			Wu	J.	Tulc2_01	Yi	Y.	WeLe_P73
			Wu	J.	WeLe_P57	Yin	J.	TuMh1_03
U			Wu	J.	WeLe_P82	Yin	J.	WeLe_P81
Ubukata	T.	Thlc1_01	Wu	J.	WeLe_P84	Yin	Q.	WeLe_P78
Ueda	S.	WeLe_P39				Yokota	Y.	WeLe_P06
Uematsu	A.	WeMh1_03	74			Yokoya	H.	ThMh1_02
Uematsu	R.	WeLe_P20	X			Yonezaw	aC.	WeLe_P26
Ueshiba	H.	WeLe_P16	Xiao	C.	MoSh1_04	Yoshida	K.	WeLe_P03
Urano	K.	Welc3_02	Xie	J.	Welc1_04	Yoshikaw	va I.	MoSh1_03
Urano	K.	WeLe_P50	Xie	J.	WeLe_P81	Yoshimo	ri K.	Welc3_04
Usami	S.	ThSh1_01	Xu	Z.	WeMh1_02	Yoshimo	to S.	Thlc1_03
Ustalli	N.	TuSh1_04				Younis	M.	Molc1_03
						Yu	P.	WeLe_P47
			N /			Yu	P.	WeLe_P68
V			Y			Yue	D.	Welc1_04
Vaibhav	K.	WeLe_P44	Yabe	S.	WeSh3_02			
Vallianto	B.	WeLe_P27	Yajima	M.	WeMh2_01			
Vasudev	P.	TuSh2_01	Yamada	Н.	MoMh1_02	Z		
Vasudev	P.	WeLe_P46	Yamada	Н.	Tulc1_04	Zahro	Q.	WeLe_P19
Verma	A.	TuMh1_02	Yamada	Н.	Thlc1_02	Zeng	H.	Tulc1_01
Villano	M.	TuSh1_04	Yamada	Н.	WeLe_P75	Zeng	H.	WeLe_P38
			Yamada	Н.	WeLe_P77	Zhang	C.	WeLe_P82
				1.1				
VA/			Yamada		WeLe_P80	Zhang	L.	WeLe_P57
W			Yamada Yamagu		WeLe_P80 WeLe_P12	Zhang Zhang	L. Q.	WeLe_P57 Tulc1_02
Wang	A.	Tulc1_02		chi K.				
	A. C.	Tulc1_02 WeLe_P47	Yamagu	chi K. chi T.	WeLe_P12	Zhang	Q.	Tulc1_02
Wang			Yamagu Yamagu	chi K. chi T. chi Y.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42	Zhang Zhang	Q. Z.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03
Wang Wang	C.	WeLe_P47	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01	Zhang Zhang Zhang	Q. Z. W.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04
Wang Wang Wang	C. C.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhang	Q. Z. W. Y.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38
Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao	Q. Z. W. Y.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao	Q. Z. W. Y. L.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C. C.+H.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamash	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C. H.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamash Yamash	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. H.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamash Yamaza Yanagiy	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. Y. M. D. J. R.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C.+H. H. H.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamash Yamagiy Yanagiy	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P48
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C.+H. H. H. J.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamasa Yanagiy Yanagiy Yanagiy	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. A K. H.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P82	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P35 Molc1_01
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. H. H. J. S.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01 WeLe_P24 Welc1_03	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamasa Yanagiy Yanagiy Yang	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. H. H.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P82 WeLe_P84	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P48
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C.+H. H. H. J. S. W.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01 WeLe_P24 Welc1_03 WeLe_P84	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamaza Yanagiy Yanag Yang Yang	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. A K. H. H.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P82 WeLe_P84 TuMh1_03	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P35 Molc1_01
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C.+H. H. J. S. W. X.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01 WeLe_P24 Welc1_03 WeLe_P84 Welc1_04	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamaza Yanagiy Yanagiy Yang Yang Yang	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. H. H. J.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P82 WeLe_P84 TuMh1_03 WeLe_P81	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P35 Molc1_01
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C.+H. H. J. S. W. X. Y.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01 WeLe_P24 Welc1_03 WeLe_P84 Welc1_04 Tulc1_01	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamaza Yanagiy Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. H. H. J. J.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P82 WeLe_P84 TuMh1_03 WeLe_P81 TuSh2_03	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P35 Molc1_01
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. H. H. J-T. J. S. W. X. Y.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01 WeLe_P24 Welc1_03 WeLe_P84 Welc1_04 Tulc1_01 Tulc1_02	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamaza Yanagiy Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. A K. H. J. J. J.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P51 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P82 WeLe_P84 TuMh1_03 WeLe_P81 TuSh2_03 Tulc2_01	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P35 Molc1_01
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. C.+H. H. H. J. s. W. X. Y. Y.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01 WeLe_P24 Welc1_03 WeLe_P84 Welc1_04 Tulc1_01 Tulc1_02 WeSh3_03	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamaza Yanagiy Yanag Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang Yan	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. H. H. J. J. J. J.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P82 WeLe_P84 TuMh1_03 WeLe_P81 TuSh2_03 Tulc2_01 WeLe_P57	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P35 Molc1_01
Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang Wang	C. C. C. C. H. H. J. S. W. X. Y. Y.	WeLe_P47 WeLe_P68 WeLe_P88 WeLe_P58 WeLe_P82 ThSh1_02 WeSh2_03 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P01 WeLe_P24 Welc1_03 WeLe_P84 Welc1_04 Tulc1_01 Tulc1_02 WeSh3_03 ThSh1_03	Yamagu Yamagu Yamagu Yamasa Yamash Yamash Yamaza Yanagiy Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang Yang	chi K. chi T. chi Y. chi Y. ki T. iro K. iro K. ita M. ki F. a K. H. H. J. J. J. J. J. J.	WeLe_P12 WeLe_P42 TuMh1_01 WeLe_P75 WeLe_P63 WeLe_P49 WeLe_P51 WeLe_P25 WeLe_P11 Tulc2_02 WeMh3_02 WeLe_P84 TuMh1_03 WeLe_P81 TuSh2_03 Tulc2_01 WeLe_P57 WeLe_P58	Zhang Zhang Zhang Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhao Zhong Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu Zhu	Q. Z. W. Y. L. Y. M. D. J. R. Y. M.	Tulc1_02 TuSh2_03 Welc1_04 WeLe_P38 WeLe_P24 WeLe_P47 WeLe_P78 WeLe_P84 Welc1_03 MoSh1_04 WeLe_P48 WeLe_P35 Molc1_01

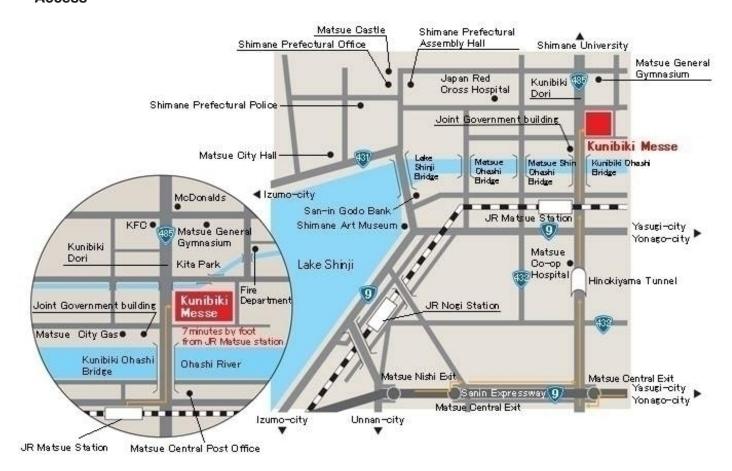
Conference Venue

Kunibiki Messe (Shimane Prefectural Convention Center)

https://www.kunibikimesse.jp/en/

"Kunibiki Messe" (Shimane Prefectural Convention Center) is the core center for all the convention facilities in Shimane. This is a full-scale convention facility that offers both exhibition and conference facilities.

Access







Surveying the Earth to Create the Future

ALOS-4 (DAICHI-4)

ALOS-2 (DAICHI-2)

QPS-SAR

StriX

© Synspective Inc

SAR satellite lineup

Satellite Business Division

Japan Map Center Building, 4-9-6, Aobadai,

Meguro-Ku, Tokyo 153-0042, Japan

Mail: info@alos-pasco.com





earth.jaxa.jp

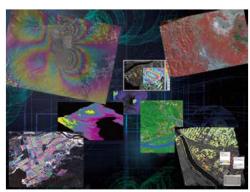
Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency Earth Observation Research Center

JAXA EORC conducts the Earth science research and application research using the data acquired by Earth observation satellites. We promote the development of analysis methods to lead meaningful physical variables for the Earth science and calibration / validation to secure the quality of satellite data.

ENVI+SARscape

Integrated processing platform for optical and radar remote sensing

Remote sensing data has become an essential part of daily operations, particularly in the fields of natural disaster response and environmental monitoring. The ENVI + SARscape package provides the necessary tools for analyzing and visualizing various types of remote sensing data. This includes high-resolution satellite data, multispectral/hyperspectral data, and the increasingly important Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) data. The package also features enhanced integration with ArcGIS, allowing users to utilize ENVI's functionalities directly from the ArcGIS Toolbox.









Contact Us

NV5 Geospatial Solutions K.K.

 $\label{eq:url_loss} \mbox{URL} > \mbox{https://www.NV5GeospatialSoftware.co.jp}$

MAIL > sales_jp@NV5.com



Navigating the Sustainable Future

Providing accessible and user-friendly satellite data to support disaster prevention, national resilience, and solving global issues.

- ◆ Timely provision of disaster impact information during emergencies, contributing to early recovery and reconstruction Development of a "Japan Disaster Charter" through an All-Japan framework.
- ♦ Supporting digital transformation (DX) across government, municipalities, and private enterprises

 Building satellite data analysis platforms and regulatory
 - Building satellite data analysis platforms and regulatory frameworks to support infrastructure maintenance (roads, rivers), land and asset management, and national resilience
- Contributing to sustainable management for achieving ESG goals and carbon neutrality

Developing satellite data analysis platforms and guidelines for greenhouse gas monitoring and forest monitoring

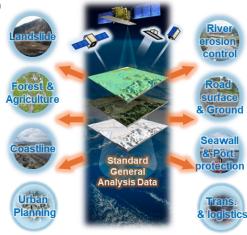
Satellite Data Services Co., Ltd.

4-6-1 Iidabashi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo, 21 Towa Building

TEL: 03-6380-8927

HP: https://www.sd-services.co.jp/ep/







Platinum Sponsors



MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

Mitsubishi Electric has been a pioneer of space technology development in Japan since the 1960s, and is strongly committed to international space development and satellite construction. Its Space Division has participated in a wide range of high-performance payloads and bus components in multiple satellite programs. Additionally, Mitsubishi Electric provides satellite data services for various purposes such as disaster monitoring, infrastructure monitoring, maritime, economic activities, etc. In this way, Mitsubishi Electric flexibly responds to the ever-changing needs of its satellite customers.

PASCO CORPORATION

PASCO Corporation is a leading Japanese company specializing in geospatial information services. With more than 70 years of experience, PASCO collects and analyzes spatial data using satellites, aircraft, drones, and ground-based systems to support a wide range of industries and public services.

Since entering the satellite business in 2005, PASCO has developed advanced expertise in Earth observation, utilizing both optical sensors and SAR technologies.

PASCO provides high-resolution satellite imagery, geospatial analysis, and ground station services for various applications,



including disaster response, urban planning, environmental monitoring, and infrastructure development, etc.

As the prime distributor of JAXA's ALOS-2, PASCO delivers tasking service and archived data to users around the world, along with value-added analytical services. PASCO has also been selected as a data service provider for the upcoming ALOS-4 mission. We will expand our lineup of SAR satellites and further enhance our services. PASCO's satellite services support continuous monitoring and strategic decision-making for government agencies and private enterprises. By integrating artificial intelligence (AI) into its analytics, PASCO enables advanced capabilities such as surface motion detection, building change analysis, and population estimation, contributing to safer, smarter, and more sustainable communities.

Gold Sponsors





JAXA Earth Observation Research Center (EORC) conducts calibration & validation of satellite data, and the Earth science research and application research using these data. EORC conducts research in the field of Earth science such as global climate change, water cycle, atmospheric environment and crustal movements, using satellite data while developing calibration & validation and analysis methods to improve data accuracy of sensors onboard Earth observation satellites. ALOS-4 and ALOS-2 carries L-band Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) instruments, and its data contributes to a wide range of fields i.e., disaster monitoring, agriculture, forest, ocean monitoring, etc.

NV5 - ENVI · SARscape



NV5 Geospatial Solutions provides IDL, ENVI and SARscape, our mission is to empower people to easily extract useful information from complex data.

NV5 Geospatial Solutions is an industry leading developer of image analysis and data visualization software tools to help professionals across industries and disciplines solve complex problems. Our mission is to empower people to easily extract useful information from complex data in the pursuit of discovery.

Gold Sponsors



Satellite Data Services Co., Ltd.

Satellite Data Services Co., Ltd. (SDS), established in June 2021 by a consortium of Japan's leading satellite-related companies, advances the use of satellite data to address global challenges and expand the satellite data service market.

Leveraging Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR),SDS delivers rapidresponse solutions for disaster risk reduction under the Japan Disaster Charter and supports national resilience through the SBIR initiative.

SDS is also developing a globally collaborative service to visualize global greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and absorption, supporting ESG goals and carbon neutrality. By integrating SAR with data-driven innovation, SDS contributes to sustainable development, infrastructure safety, and environmental stewardship.

MetaSensing



MetaSensing, founded in 2008, specializes in Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) hardware and applications. With products covering bands from P to Ka and projects worldwide, the company is a recognized player in ground, airborne, and space SAR for both commercial and defence markets. Its space activities include airborne acquisitions for satellite missions, end-to-end SAR processors, and space-qualified payload manufacturing. MetaSensing has developed all key elements for advanced fully polarimetric phased-array SAR payloads. The StarSAR-X exemplifies this expertise, offering <0.15 m resolution, polarimetric imaging, and electronic beam steering. Across space, defence, and commercial sectors, MetaSensing is a trusted partner.

Silver Sponsors



Synspective Inc.

Synspective develops and operates SAR satellites, providing datadriven solutions in disaster, security, and environmental management. With the vision to create a new infrastructure enabling the next generation to understand Earth and achieve a resilient future, we empower timely, informed decisions for governments and businesses worldwide.

Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd.



Asia Air Survey Co., Ltd. is one of the leaders in geospatial consulting, primarily operating in Japan and Southeast Asia. It provides aerial, satellite, mobile, and drone surveying to support infrastructure, environmental management, and disaster prevention with advanced remote sensing technologies, extensive expertise, and rapid response capabilities.

Kokusai Kogyo Co., Ltd.



Our operations began with aerial surveying, expanding to areas in Geospatial Information Systems (GIS), urban planning, disaster risk management, disaster risk reduction, environmental conservation, infrastructure development, and energy—continuously taking on the challenge of building a sustainable foundation for society.

Silver Sponsors



OYO CORPORATION

OYO has used its knowledge and technology to find the optimal solutions for achieving harmony between human activities and the natural environment in areas such as infrastructure development, disaster prevention, the environment, and issues related to resources and energy. Our businesses are directly linked to the resolution of social issues.



Remote Sensing Technology Center of Japan (RESTEC)

RESTEC, as the core organization of satellite remote sensing in Japan, aspires to build remote sensing technologies as a social infrastructure, through providing policy makers, researchers and other satellite data users with remote sensing solutions by collecting, archiving, processing and analyzing remote sensing data required by the users.



Space Shift Inc.

Space Shift develops AI for analyzing satellite data.





CALL FOR PAPERS

IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Applied Earth Observations and Remote Sensing Special Issue on "The 9th Asia-Pacific Conference on Synthetic Aperture Radar (APSAR 2025)"

Asia-Pacific Conference on Synthetic Aperture Radar (APSAR) is an international conference devoted to SAR technology development and applications and Co-Sponsored by IEEE Geosciences and Remote Sensing Society (GRSS) and Technical Committee on Instrumentation and Future Technologies (IFT) GRSS. The APSAR is a forum of Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) engineers and scientists from all over the world, especially from the Asia-Pacific region. The bi- annual APSAR conference is held every two years in China, Japan, Korea, Australia, and Singapore in turn, and APSAR 2025 (http://apsar2025.ce.t.kyoto-u.ac.jp/) is held In Person on 5-9 October 2025, in Matsue, Shimane Prefecture, Japan. Along with the conference, a special issue of the IEEE Journal of Selected Topics in Applied Earth Observations and Remote Sensing (J-STARS) has been planned, open to the authors of all papers presented during the APSAR 2025. Please note that papers submitted to this J-STARS special issue should NOT be the same as the APSAR 2025 conference papers. A 2 to 3 times longer paper is typically expected, with a more detailed presentation of the work, enhanced techniques, and approaches, including additional data sets and comparisons in an enhanced experimental section. In the cover letter, please provide the corresponding "Receipt No." (seven digits of AMARYS#) for APSAR 2025. If this information is not provided, the paper will be considered a REGULAR submission.

The broad topics include (but are not limited to):

- SAR Applications
- SAR System and Missions
- SAR Technology and Calibration
- SAR Imaging and Signal Processing
- SAR Processing Techniques and Modeling

Schedule

January 1, 2026: Submission system opening June 30, 2026: Submission system closing

Format

All submissions will be peer reviewed according to the IEEE Geoscience and Remote Sensing Society guidelines. Submitted articles should not have been published or be under review elsewhere. Submit your manuscript on http://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/jstars, using the Manuscript Central interface and select the "APSAR2025" special issue manuscript type. Prospective authors should consult the site https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/stamp/stamp.jsp?tp=&arnumber=9082768 for guidelines and information on paper submission. All submissions must be formatted using the IEEE standard format (double column, single spaced). Please visit http://www.ieee.org/publications_standards/publications/authors/author_templates.html to download a template for transactions. Please note that as of Jan. 1, 2025, IEEE J-STARS has become a fully open-access journal charging a flat publication fee \$1,800 per paper.

Guest Editors

Junichi Susaki, Kyoto University, Japan. Takashi Nonaka, Nihon University, Japan. Masafumi Nakagawa, Shibaura Institute of Technology, Japan. Wen Liu, Chiba University, Japan. Yuta Izumi, Muroran Institute of Technology, Japan.